



**Canadian Natural**

CORPORATE PRESENTATION

MAY 2025





# Delivering Value & Growth

SNAPSHOT	2025F	2024	2023
Capital expenditures (C\$ millions) <sup>(1)</sup>	\$5,915	\$5,286	\$4,883
Declared dividends (C\$/share) <sup>(2)</sup>	\$2.325	\$2.075	\$1.85
Production (annual average, before royalties)			
Natural gas (MMcf/d)	2,425 - 2,480	2,147	2,151
Liquids (Mbbbl/d)	1,106 - 1,142	1,006	974
BOE (MBOE/d)	1,510 - 1,555	1,363	1,332
Company Gross Reserves, before royalties (as at December 31)			
Total Proved Crude Oil and NGLs (MMbbl)		12,414	11,409
Total Proved Natural Gas (Bcf)		16,904	15,005
Total Proved BOE (MMBOE)		15,231	13,910
Proved plus Probable BOE (MMBOE)		20,110	18,504

(1) Capital expenditures is equal to net capital expenditures, excluding net acquisition costs in 2023 and 2024. Capital expenditures in 2025F is our disciplined operating capital forecast of approximately \$5.9 billion, excluding \$787 million of abandonment expenditures before recoveries, \$90 million on carbon capture and \$45 million on a one-time office move. The 2025 forecast includes capital related to a number of acquisitions for which agreements between parties have been reached, with closings targeted in 1H/25, subject to regulatory approvals and other customary closing conditions. Net capital expenditures is a Non-GAAP Financial Measure. The composition of this measure has been updated for all periods presented. Refer to the "Non-GAAP and Other Financial Measures" section of the Company's MD&A.

(2) Dividends are based on a post split basis. 2025F dividend is based upon one quarterly declared dividend of \$0.5625 and three quarterly declared dividends based on the current declared dividend of \$0.5875 per common share annualized. 2024 based on declared dividends consisting of one quarterly dividend of \$0.50 per common share and three quarterly dividends of \$0.525 per common share; 2023 based on declared dividends consisting of one quarterly dividend of \$0.50 per common share and three dividends of \$0.45 per common share.

Note: See Advisory for cautionary statements, definitions, pricing assumptions and non-GAAP and other financial measure disclosure.

## TABLE OF CONTENTS



– Canadian Natural Advantages & Strategy	Page 1 - 5
– Top Tier Assets	Page 5 - 8
– Leading Free Cash Flow & Returns to Shareholders	Page 8 - 11
– 2025 Budget & Forecast	Page 11 - 15
– Environmental, Social & Governance	Page 15 - 20
– Balance Sheet Strength	Page 21 - 22
– Asset Overview	Page 23 - 30

## The Canadian Natural Advantage

Large, Low Risk,  
High Value  
Reserves

Lower Capital  
Reinvestment  
Requirements

Diversified,  
Balanced  
Asset Base

Flexible  
Capital  
Allocation

Effective &  
Efficient  
Operations



### PREMIUM VALUE CREATION



MATERIAL FREE CASH FLOW GENERATION & STRONG RETURN ON CAPITAL

2

## Canadian Natural

### Strategy: Premium Value Creation

#### Driving material free cash flow & maximizing returns to shareholders

- **Significant and sustainable** returns to shareholders – **Strong** Balance Sheet
- **Defined growth/value enhancement** – high value returns, disciplined growth plans and opportunistic acquisitions
- **Diverse, balanced asset base** – significant differentiation versus peers
  - Product mix – Long life low decline – Flexible capital allocation
- **Effective and efficient operations**
  - Top tier Oil Sands Mining & Upgrading, Thermal and E&P performance – safety, reliability, opex & capital efficiencies
  - Area knowledge – Extensive infrastructure ownership – Operatorship of core areas
- **Cadence of accountability** and **continuous improvement** core to our culture
- Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) commitment – **Safety is a core value**
- **Low** maintenance capital – **Low** breakeven



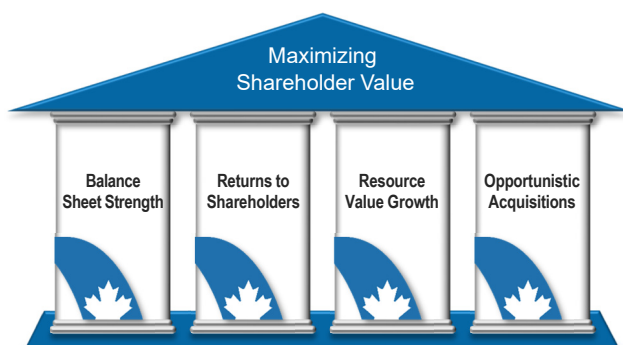
PREMIUM: ASSETS, EXECUTION, MANAGEMENT & COST STRUCTURE

3

## Canadian Natural

### Balancing the Four Pillars

#### Disciplined capital allocation, focused on value creation



#### Balance Sheet Strength

Balance Sheet strengthens with free cash flow generation

#### Returns to Shareholders

Growing, sustainable dividends & opportunistic share repurchases

#### Resource Value Growth

Disciplined capital allocation, focused on asset development & margin growth

#### Opportunistic Acquisitions

No gaps / must add value

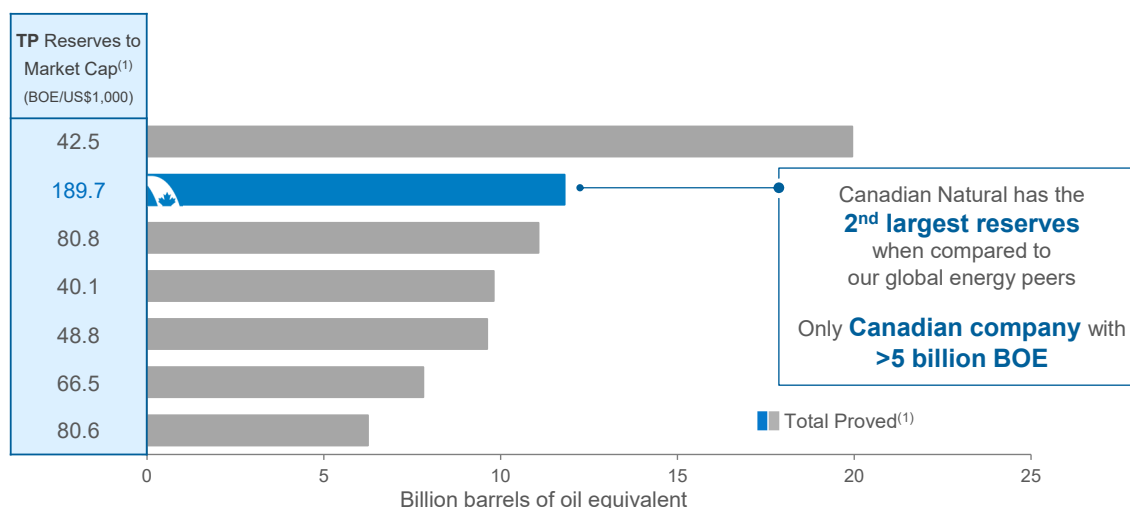


FLEXIBLE CAPITAL ALLOCATION MAXIMIZES SHAREHOLDER VALUE

4

## Total Proved Reserves

Global energy peers (BP, COP, CVX, SHEL, TTE & XOM)



<sup>(1)</sup> 2024 net proved reserves, based on SEC constant prices and costs, per company reports. Market Cap as of April 28, 2025.

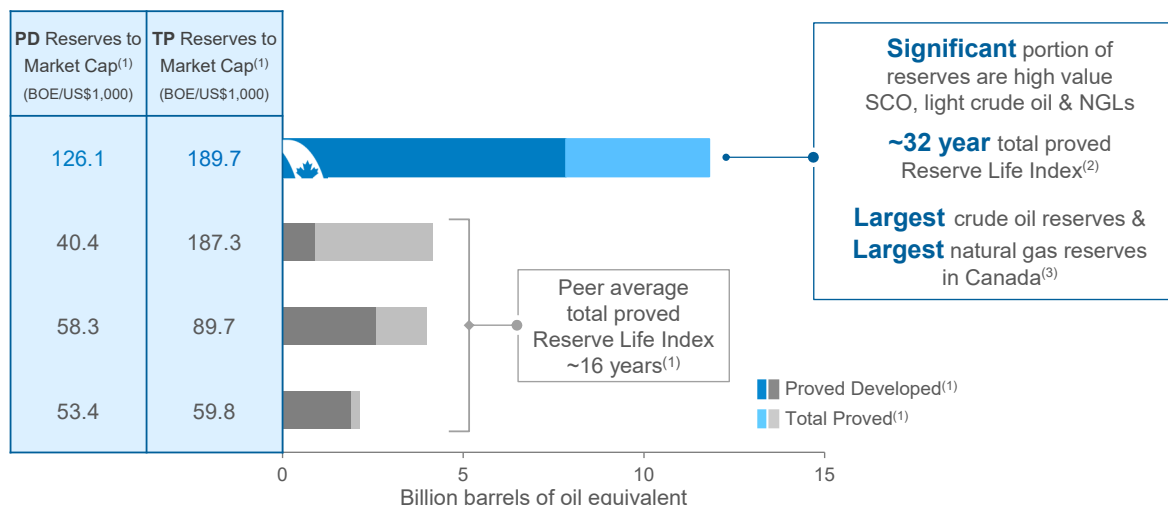


SIGNIFICANT RESERVES ON A GLOBAL SCALE SUPPORTING ORGANIC GROWTH POTENTIAL

5



## Leading Proved Developed & Total Proved Reserves Canadian energy peers (CVE, IMO & SU)



(1) 2024 net proved reserves, based on SEC constant prices and costs, per company reports. Market Cap as of April 28, 2025.

(2) RLI is calculated using 2024 total proved net reserves, based on SEC constant prices and costs, divided by the estimated 2025 proved developed producing net production.

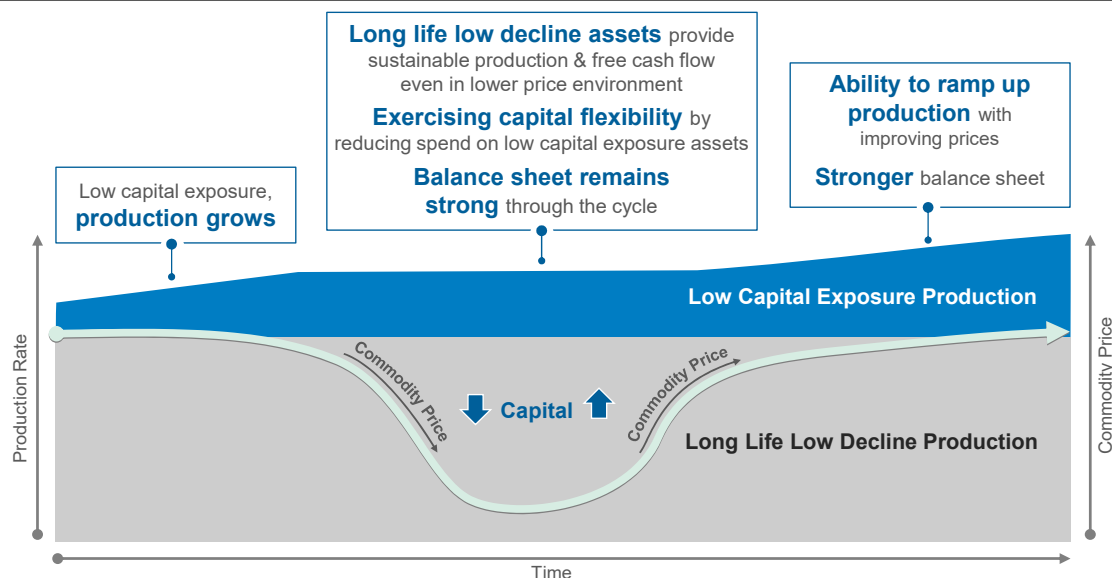
(3) Based on total proved reserves, as of December 31, 2024.



**SIGNIFICANT HIGH QUALITY RESERVES IN CANADA SUPPORTING ORGANIC GROWTH POTENTIAL**

6

## Canadian Natural's Assets are Unique Robust through all cycles

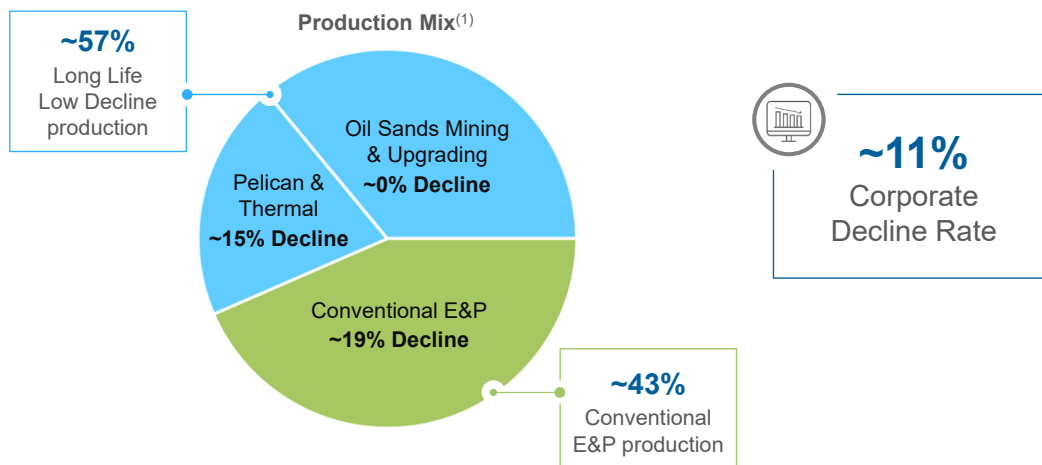


**MAXIMIZES CORPORATE ASSET VALUE & FREE CASH FLOW**

7

## Canadian Natural's Advantage

Low corporate decline rate results in lower capital reinvestment requirements



(1) Based upon the mid-point of targeted 2025B BOE production guidance range.

Note: Conventional E&P assets include North America natural gas, NGLs, light crude oil, heavy crude oil, International crude oil and natural gas.

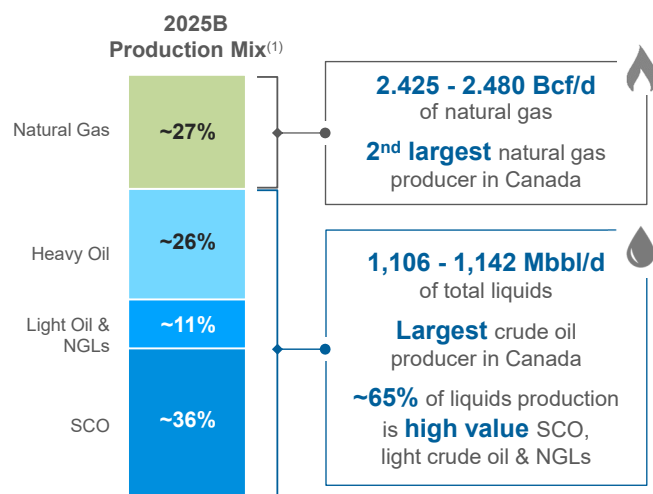


**TOP TIER SUSTAINABLE BUSINESS MODEL**

8

## Canadian Natural

Balanced, diverse asset portfolio



- Vast, balanced resource base to develop
- Unique, balanced, diverse product mix
  - Large, low risk, high value reserves
  - High value light crude oil, NGLs and SCO production
  - Long life low decline asset base
    - ~77% of total liquids production

(1) Based upon the mid-point of targeted 2025B BOE production guidance range.

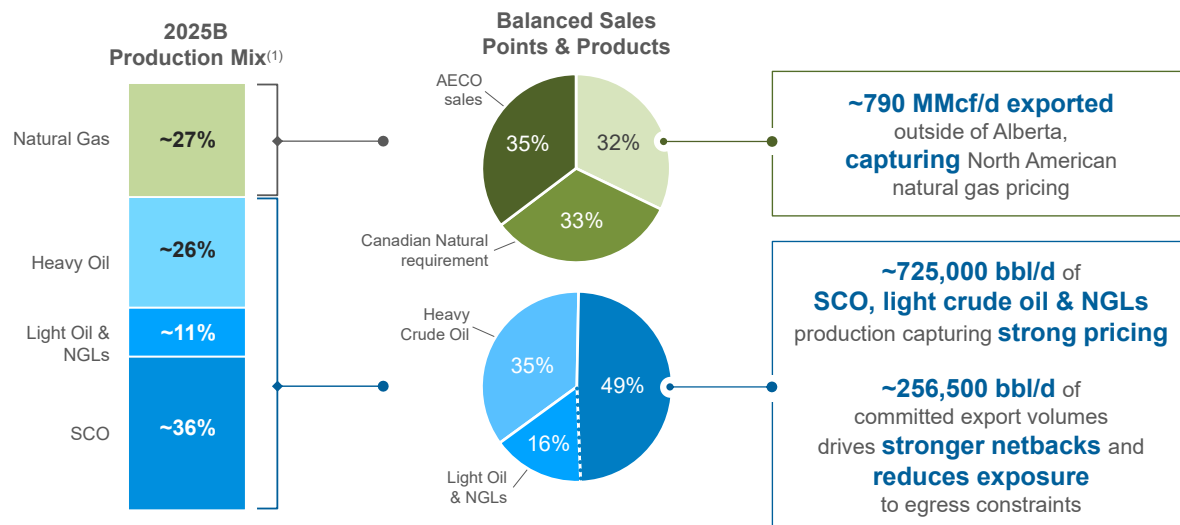


**BALANCED PRODUCT MIX PROVIDES FLEXIBILITY**

9

## Canadian Natural

### Balanced, diverse marketing portfolio



(1) Based upon the mid-point of targeted 2025B BOE production guidance range.



**DIVERSE MARKETING STRATEGY MAXIMIZES NETBACKS**

10

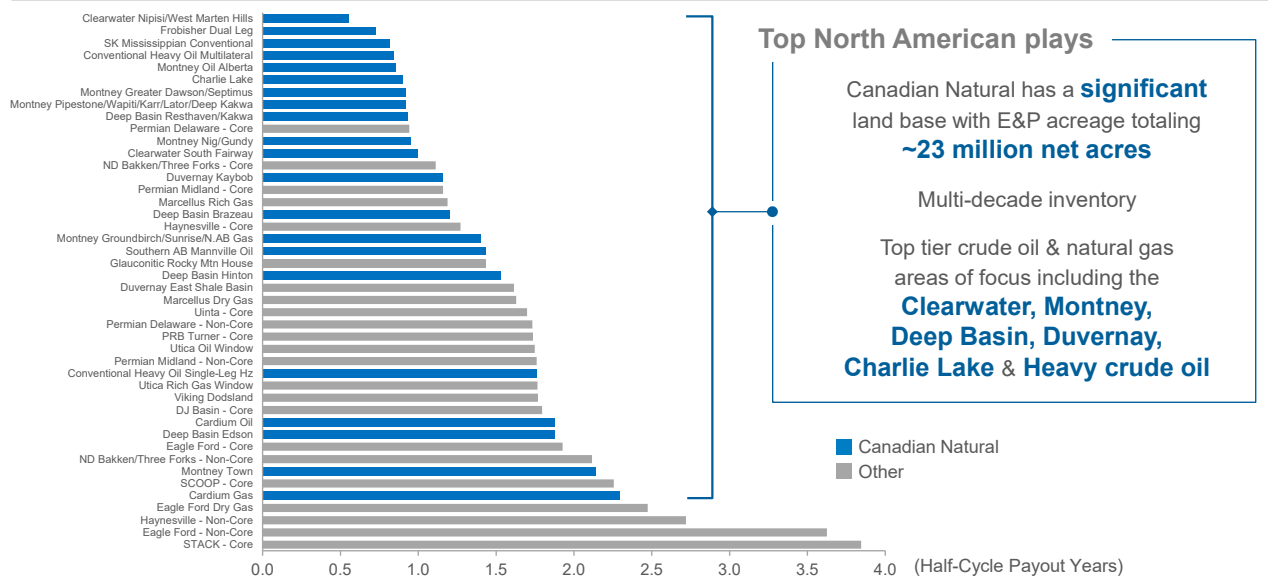


**Top Tier  
Conventional E&P,  
Thermal In Situ and  
Oil Sands Mining &  
Upgrading Assets**



## Conventional E&P

### Top tier plays throughout the asset base

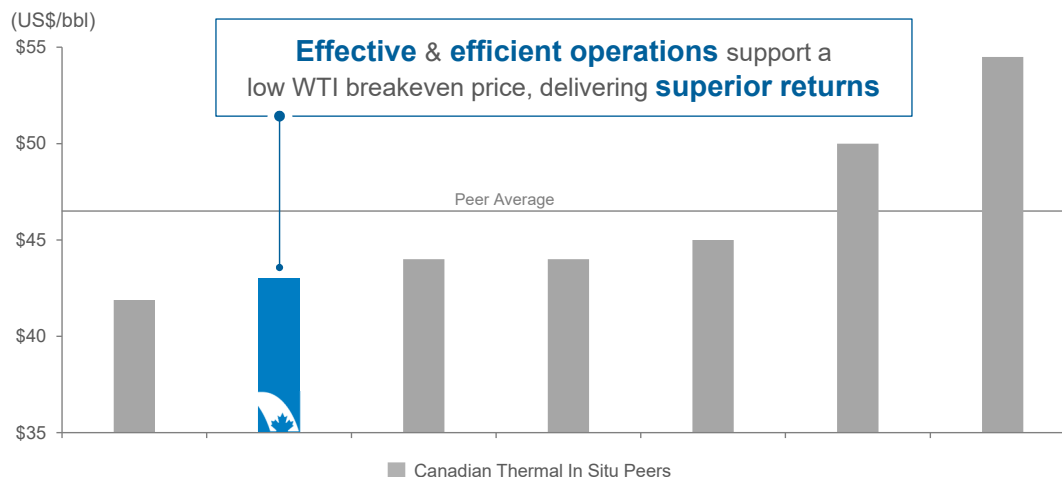


**SIGNIFICANT FUTURE POTENTIAL**

12

## Thermal In Situ Oil Sands

### Top tier WTI breakeven price



Peers include: ATH, CVE, GFR, IMO, MEG and SCR. Some thermal peers not included due to insufficient data.

Source: Peters & Co. Fall 2024 Energy Overview – Breakeven defined as WTI crude oil price required for a project to be free cash flow neutral.

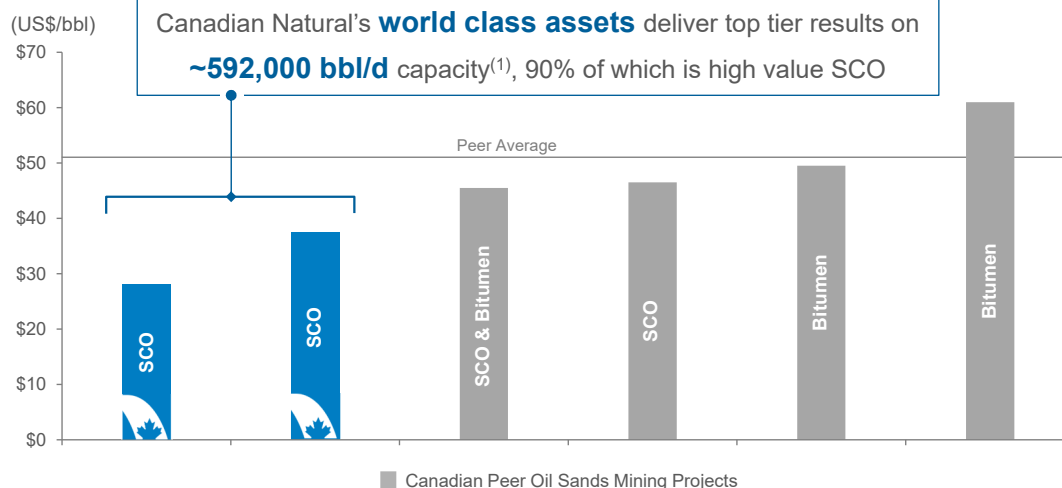


**CONTINUOUS IMPROVEMENT DRIVING DOWN COSTS**

13

## World Class Oil Sands Mining Assets

Top tier WTI breakeven price



Peers include: IMO Keri, SU Base Ops (including thermal in situ), SU Fort Hills and Syncrude.

(1) Two year capacity reflects 100% interest in the Albian mines following the close of the previously announced swap transaction.

Source: Peters & Co. Fall 2024 Energy Overview – Breakeven defined as WTI crude oil price required for a project to be free cash flow neutral.



**SIGNIFICANT VALUE FROM INDUSTRY LEADING ASSETS**

14

## Typical Shale Well vs Oil Sands Mining & Upgrading

Unique, Sustainable & Robust

### Typical Shale Well

- High** decline ~70% in year one
- More** reservoir risk
- More** reserve replacement risk
- Shorter** reserve life of ~10 years

### Oil Sands Mining & Upgrading

- ✓ **No** decline
- ✓ **No** reservoir risk
- ✓ **No** reserve replacement risk
- ✓ **Long** reserve life of **>40 years**

Oil Sands Mining & Upgrading has **significantly lower** risk & capital to maintain **Synthetic Crude Oil** production

Source: Permian (Delaware and Midland average) per Company reports, presentations and Peters & Co. research.



**THE LONG LIFE NO DECLINE ADVANTAGE**

15

## Shale Well Example vs Oil Sands Mining & Upgrading

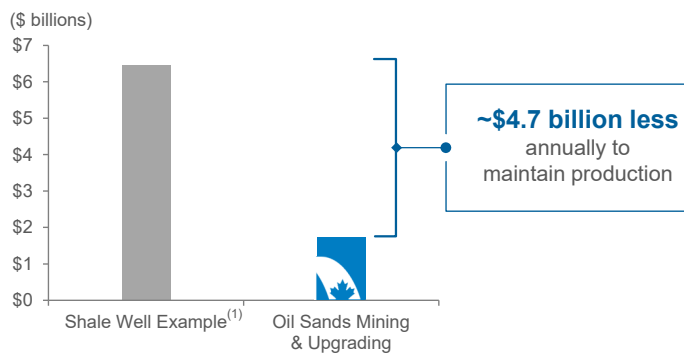
Annual capital required to maintain ~590,000 bbl/d

### Shale Well Example

- ~1,300 wells required initially
- ~500 wells required annually to maintain production
- ~\$6.5 billion per year to maintain production or ~\$30/bbl

### Oil Sands Mining & Upgrading

- ✓ **No** reservoir risk
- ✓ **Low** maintenance capital requirements of ~\$8/bbl



(1) Permian (Delaware and Midland average) per Company reports, presentations and Peters & Co. research.



**THE LONG LIFE NO DECLINE ADVANTAGE**

16

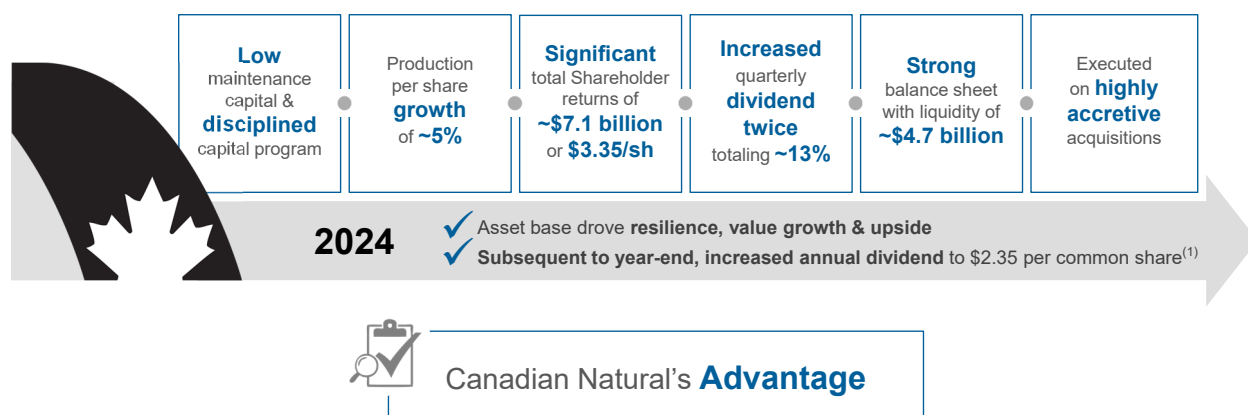


**Leading Free Cash Flow &  
Returns to Shareholders**



## Canadian Natural

### Asset base drives long-term value: 2024



(1) Current quarterly dividend of \$0.5875 per share, annualized.

Note: See Advisory for cautionary statements, definitions, pricing assumptions and non-GAAP and other financial measures disclosure.

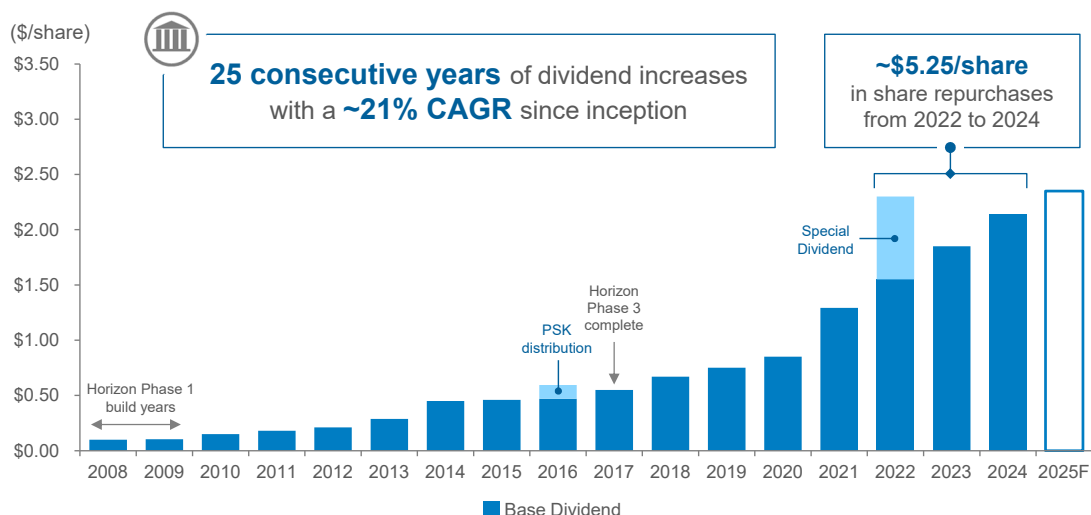


**LARGE, HIGH QUALITY, LONG LIFE LOW DECLINE ASSET BASE**

18

## Canadian Natural

### Leading history of growing returns to shareholders



Note: Based upon annual dividends declared. 2025 based upon current quarterly declared dividend, annualized.

See Advisory for cautionary statements, definitions, pricing assumptions and non-GAAP and other financial measures disclosure.

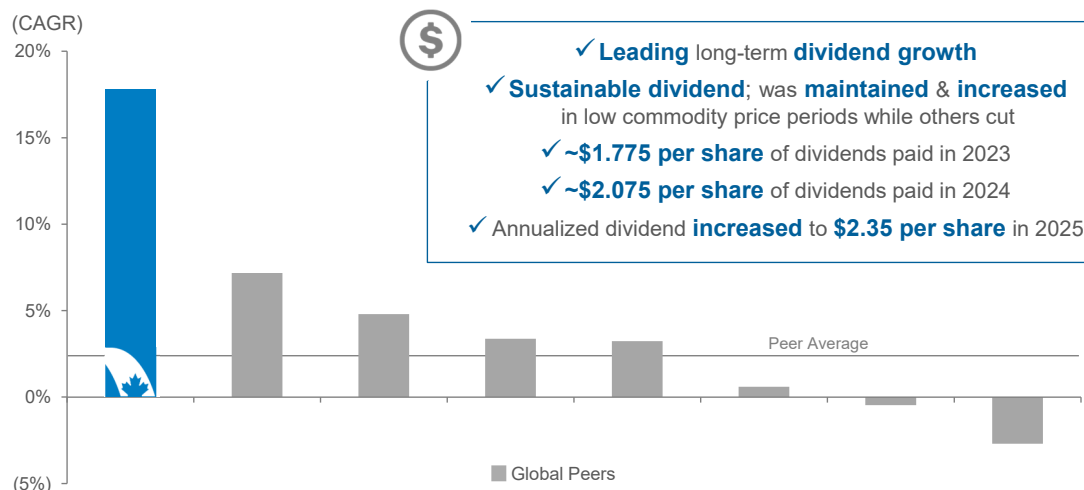


**HISTORY OF GROWING RETURNS TO SHAREHOLDERS**

19

## Long-Term Dividend Growth vs. Global Peers

### 10 year CAGR: 2025

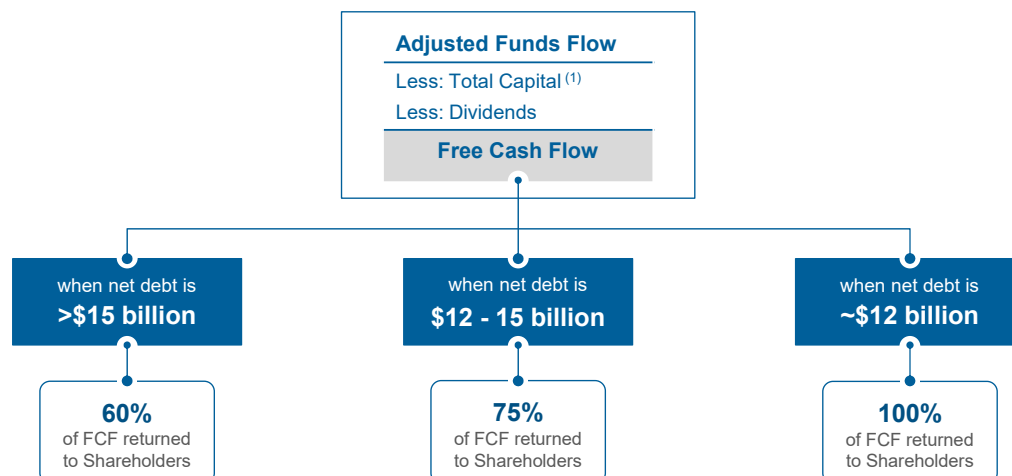


**LEADING LONG-TERM SUSTAINABLE DIVIDEND GROWTH**

20

## Canadian Natural

### Free Cash Flow Allocation Policy



(1) Total Capital reflects net capital expenditures, including abandonment expenditures. Refer to the "Non-GAAP and Other Financial Measures" section of the Company's MD&A for more details on net capital expenditures.  
Note: See Advisory for cautionary statements, definitions, pricing assumptions and non-GAAP and other financial measure disclosure.

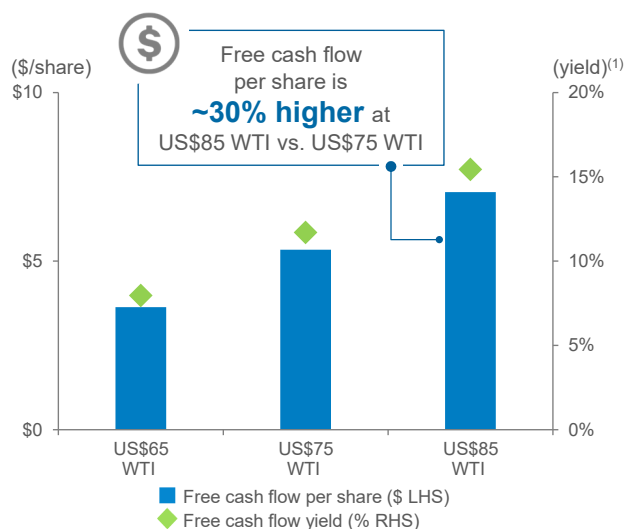


**FOCUSED ON SHAREHOLDER RETURNS**

21

## Free Cash Flow Sensitivity

Adjusted funds flow less capital



**Diverse, balanced** asset base underpinned by **long life low decline** production

**Effective & efficient** operations combined with **execution excellence**

**Top tier cost structure** & a **culture of continuous improvement**

**Low maintenance** capital requirements drives **significant free cash flow**

(1) Free cash flow calculated as adjusted funds flow less capital, excluding abandonment and reclamation costs.

Free cash flow yield based on closing price on January 3, 2025, annual 2025B estimated free cash flow based on strip pricing as at December 31, 2024.



**PREMIUM FREE CASH FLOW GENERATION**

22



## 2025 Budget & Forecast



## Canadian Natural

### 2025 Budget: Strategy



### Driving material free cash flow & maximizing returns to shareholders

- Disciplined and flexible capital budget
  - Level loaded drilling program
  - Can be nimble - optimize product mix based on price environment
  - Allocate to highest return projects and maximize value
- Low maintenance capital
- Top tier execution and focus on efficiencies drives leading operating costs and higher margins
- Defined growth/value enhancement plan
  - Progress projects that add value and production in 2025 and beyond
- Execute on Free Cash Flow allocation policy
  - Focused on increasing returns to shareholders and balance sheet strength



**PREMIUM: ASSETS, EXECUTION, MANAGEMENT & COST STRUCTURE**

24

## 2025 Capital Forecast

### Updated May 8, 2025

Capital Forecast <sup>(1)</sup> (\$ millions)	2025F
Conventional E&P	\$3,140
Thermal In Situ and Oil Sands Mining & Upgrading	\$2,775
Subtotal – Operating Capital Forecast	\$5,915
Carbon Capture (\$90 million) & One-time Office Move (\$45 million)	\$135
Total Capital Forecast	\$6,050



The Company's **diversified asset portfolio** of short, mid and long cycle projects provides a **key competitive advantage providing greater flexibility**

Optimize product mix based on price environment & allocate capital to the highest return projects, **maximizing value for our shareholders**

(1) Our 2025 disciplined operating capital forecast was updated on May 8, 2025 to approximately \$5.9 billion, excluding \$787 million of abandonment expenditures before recoveries, \$90 million on carbon capture and \$45 million on a one-time office move, all remain on track. The 2025 forecast includes capital related to a number of acquisitions for which agreements between parties have been reached, with closings targeted in 1H/25, subject to regulatory approvals and other customary closing conditions. Note: Rounded to the nearest \$ million. See Advisory for cautionary statements, definitions, pricing assumptions and non-GAAP and other financial measures disclosure.



**DISCIPLINED CAPITAL BUDGET**

25

## 2025 Budget

### Production

Targeted Production <sup>(1)</sup>	2025B
Natural Gas (MMcf/d)	2,425 - 2,480
Conventional E&P Crude Oil & NGLs (Mbbl/d)	296 - 307
Thermal and Oil Sands Mining & Upgrading (Mbbl/d)	810 - 835
Total Liquids (Mbbl/d)	1,106 - 1,142
Total (MBOE/d)	1,510 - 1,555



Resource **value growth** & **opportunistic acquisitions**  
are generating **strong returns on capital**

(1) Reflects planned downtime for turnaround activities in all areas, including Canadian Natural's 90% ownership in AOSP and the Scotford Upgrader.  
Note: Rounded to the nearest 1,000 bbl/d. See Advisory for cautionary statements, definitions, pricing assumptions and non-GAAP and other financial measures disclosure.



**SIGNIFICANT VALUE GROWTH**

26

## 2025 Budget

### Conventional E&P drilling program

(net producer wells)	2025B	
Natural Gas wells	82	• Focused on <b>liquids-rich Montney &amp; Duvernay</b>
Crude Oil wells		
Primary Heavy	174	• Includes <b>156 multilateral</b> wells
Pelican Lake	8	
Light	97	• Focused on <b>Montney, Dunvegan &amp; Mannville</b>
International	–	
Total Crude Oil wells	279	
Total Conventional E&P wells	361	



**Highly flexible & level loaded** drilling program allows for  
**continuous improvement & effective and efficient** operations



**FLEXIBLE & LEVEL LOADED DRILLING PROGRAM**

27

## 2025 Budget

### Thermal In Situ development program

- Highly capital efficient SAGD pads and infill wells in 2025
  - 1 SAGD pad at Kirby
    - Targeted to come on production in Q4/25
  - 1 CSS pad at Primrose
    - Targeted to come on production in 2026
  - 2 SAGD pads at Pike which will be tied into Jackfish facilities
    - Targeted to come on production in 2026
  - 25 infill wells
    - All wells are targeted to be drilled and brought on production in 2025



**High return, drill to fill** development program utilizes existing facility capacity



**HIGH RETURN DRILL TO FILL OPPORTUNITIES**

28

## 2025 Budget

### Oil Sands Mining & Upgrading plan

- Increasing high value, zero decline Oil Sands Mining & Upgrading capacity and production through debottlenecking & increased reliability
  - Horizon
    - The Reliability Enhancement Project completed in 2024 shifts maintenance schedule to once every two years versus annually
      - 2025 is the first year without a planned turnaround
        - Can perform certain maintenance activities with zero production impact
        - Capital savings are targeted to be ~\$75 million in 2025
      - Targets to increase SCO production by ~28,000 bbl/d in 2025
    - Progressing on NRUTT project, which targets to add ~6,300 bbl/d of SCO capacity in Q3/27
  - AOSP
    - Completed debottlenecking project at the Scotford Upgrader in Q4/24
      - Increased gross capacity by ~8,000 bbl/d
    - Scotford Upgrader and AOSP turnaround in Q2/25
      - Upgrader targeted to operate at reduced rates for 73 days, impacting net annual production by ~31,000 bbl/d<sup>(1)</sup>

(1) Net production impact based on Canadian Natural's 90% working interest in AOSP.

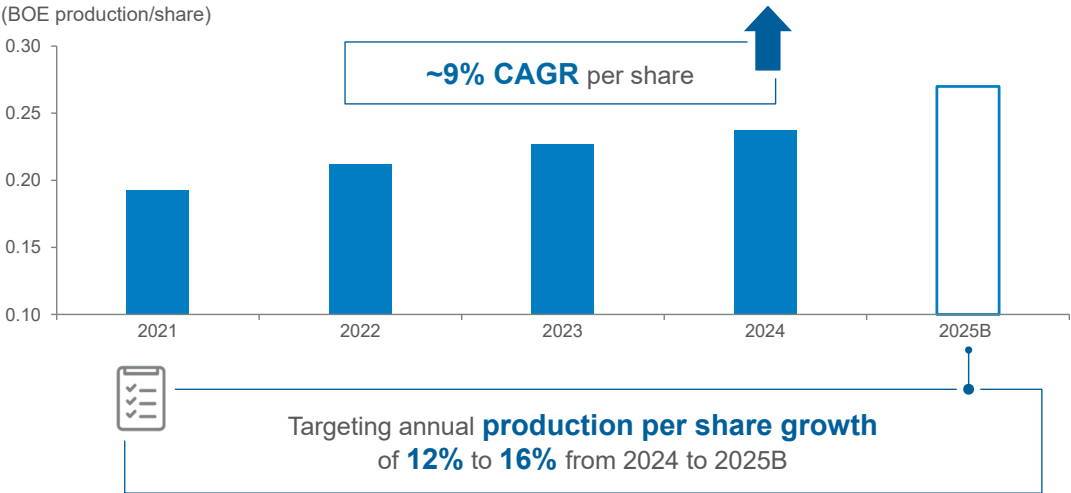


**INCREASING HIGH VALUE ZERO DECLINE PRODUCTION**

29



Canadian Natural  
Production per share growth: 2021 - 2025B



Note: Based upon actual and forecasted ending period shares outstanding and the mid-point of the targeted 2025B BOE production guidance. Based on December 31, 2024 strip pricing. See Advisory for cautionary statements, definitions, pricing assumptions and non-GAAP and other financial measures disclosure.



**SIGNIFICANT PRODUCTION PER SHARE GROWTH**

30



**Environmental, Social  
& Governance**

## The World Needs More Canadian Energy

### Overview



### Canadian Natural is part of the solution

- Canada is the top rated ESG country among the top crude oil exporting nations
- Canada has world class CCUS infrastructure
  - Canadian Natural is the largest owner of carbon capture capacity in Canada
- Industry and Federal and Provincial governments working together to achieve climate goals, in an economically responsible manner
- Supplier of affordable, reliable, safe and responsible energy
- Committed to environmental stewardship

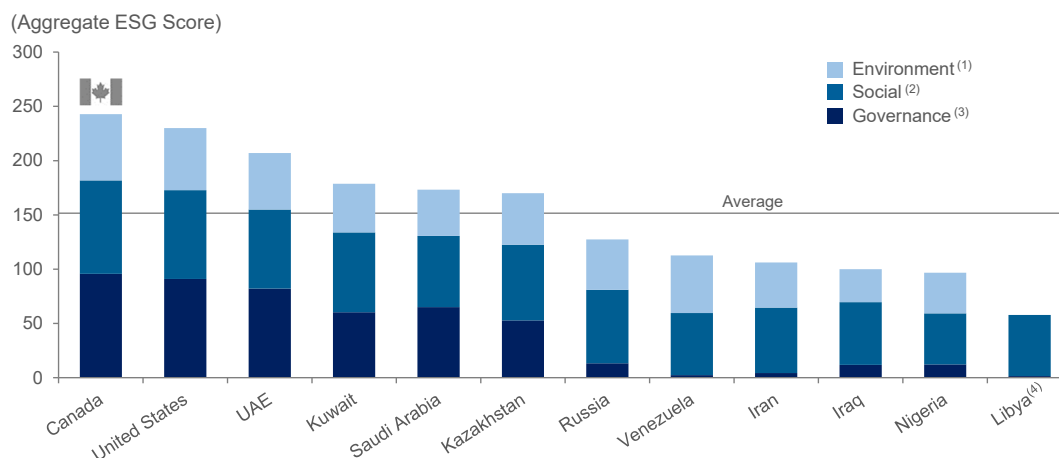


PREMIUM ESG STRATEGY

32

## ESG Performance Among Nations with Largest Crude Oil Reserves

### The world needs more Canadian energy



(1) 2024 Yale Environment Performance Index (EPI).

(2) 2024 Social Progress Index (SPI) prepared by Social Progress Imperative.

(3) 2023 Worldwide Governance Indicators (WGI), Regulatory Quality Score percentile rank.

(4) Libya Environmental score not shown due to insufficient data and Governance score is negligible.

Note: Based on Oil Sands Magazine's World Oil Proved Reserves table (2023 reserves data).



CANADA'S LEADING PERFORMANCE

33

## Technology & Innovation

### One of Canada's leading R&D investors

- Ongoing investment in technology and innovation will ensure the crude oil and natural gas remains sustainable, competitive and productive for years to come
- Advancing innovation drives performance



**~\$502 million**  
invested in technology,  
development & deployment  
in 2023<sup>(1)</sup>

(1) Technology Development includes R&D with academic institutions, eligible Scientific Research and Experimental Development claims for Canadian income tax purposes, and other activities that create or deploy new technology, or improve existing technology.



#### LEADING TECHNOLOGY & INNOVATION INVESTMENT

34

## Environment

### Land management



The above photo is of a reclamation area on Kikino Métis Settlement. Over 95% of the businesses, contractors and workers are Indigenous, with the majority being residents of the Kikino Métis Settlement and the nearby Buffalo Lake Métis Settlement.



**Abandoned ~11,300 inactive wells**  
in 5 years, from 2020 to 2024

**~4.9 million** trees planted  
in our oil sands mining operations  
since 2009

**~5.9 million** trees planted to date  
in our NA E&P operations

**~17,600 hectares** reclaimed in  
NA E&P since 2016

**~1,300 reclamation certificates submitted**  
in NA E&P, achieving 2024 goal of >1,099/year



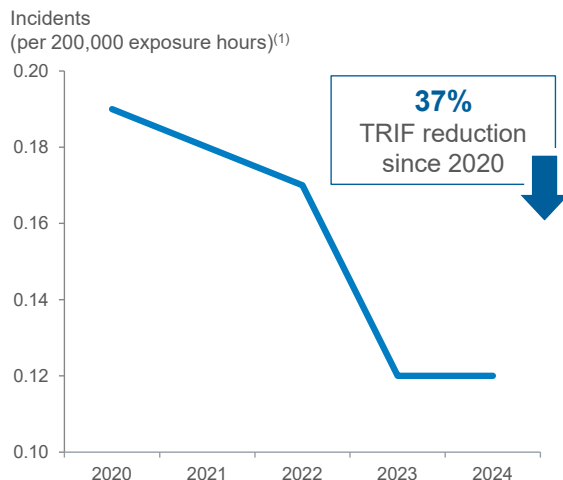
#### INDUSTRY LEADING PERFORMANCE

35

## Social

### Frontline driven incident prevention

#### Total Recordable Injury Frequency (TRIF)



(1) Revised to align with Energy Safety Canada's methodology.



**TARGET: NO HARM TO PEOPLE, NO SAFETY INCIDENTS**

36



**Comprehensive** frontline driven **safety** management system

**~101,800** Worksite Safety Observations in 2024

**70% reduction** in Lost Time Incident (LTI) frequency since 2020



**Action plans** focus on top causes of injuries through:

- Worksite Safety Observations
- Proactive safety audits
- Coaching frontline supervisors
- Safety Excellence/Mission Statement Meetings

## Social

### Working together with communities



Canadian Natural employee volunteers from our Jackfish and Kirby operations made lunches and served breakfast to Lac La Biche students through the Kids Are Worth It nutritional program. This program supports students in Vera M. Welsh, Aurora Middle School and J.A. Williams High School with nutritious meals to improve their educational outcomes.

#### In 2024

Canadian Natural worked with  
**212** Indigenous businesses

Awarded **~\$855 million** in contracts  
with local Indigenous businesses

**~\$3.1 million** donated to United Way through  
employee giving & corporate matching  
(\$30+ million over 30+ years)



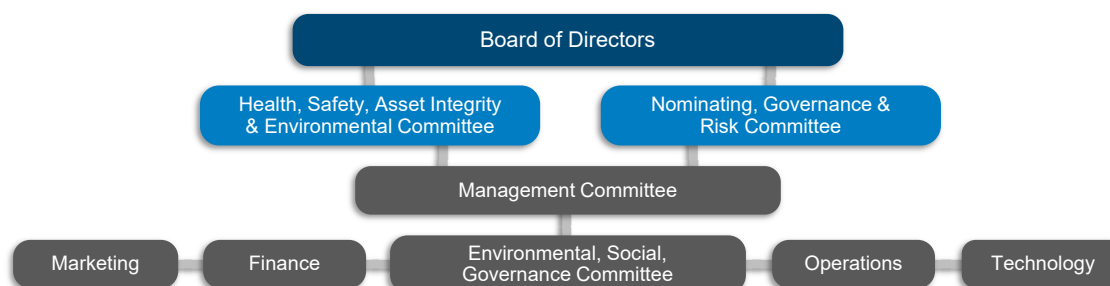
**INVESTING IN COMMUNITIES TO CREATE SHARED VALUE**

37

## Governance

### Risk assessment & mitigation

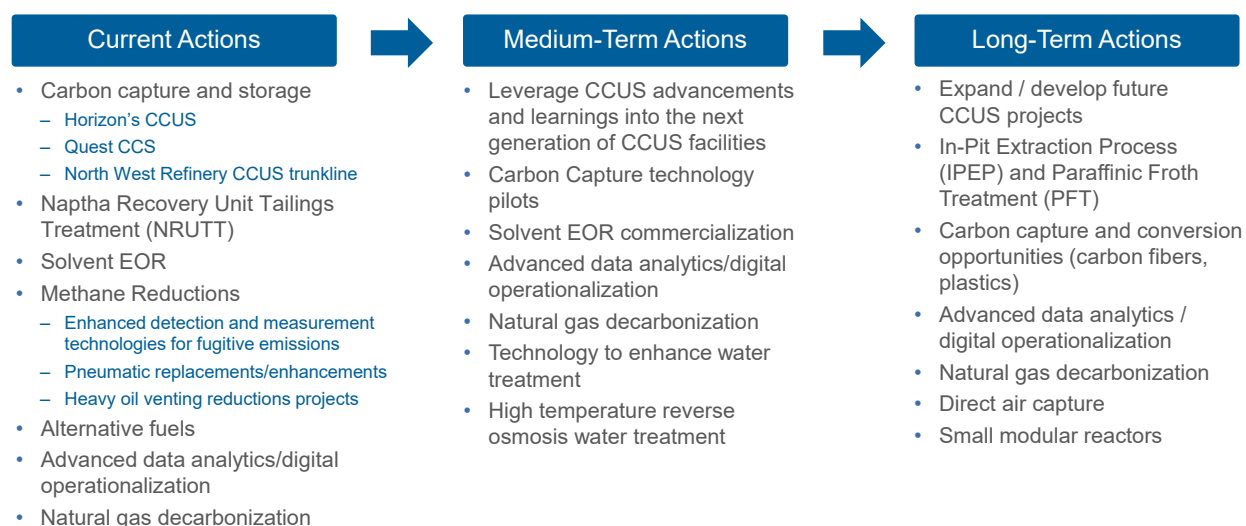
- Strong track record of identifying, assessing, adapting, aligning and executing
- Board of Directors as well as Board Governance and Risk Committees
  - Review and hold management accountable to identify and mitigate risks
- Strong, effective strategies and plans to address risks
  - Financial, Operational, Market, Technology, Environmental, Social, Governance, Safety, Asset Integrity



**STRONG GOVERNANCE**

38

## Technology & Innovation



**TECHNOLOGY & INNOVATION**

39

## Carbon Capture & Sequestration/Storage Technology

### Canadian Natural today



	Capture Capacity (tonnes/year)
Horizon	~0.4 million
Quest <sup>(2)</sup>	~1.1 million
NWR <sup>(3)</sup>	~1.2 million
Total	~2.7 million



A **global leader** in CO<sub>2</sub> capture & sequestration<sup>(1)</sup>

A portion of the CO<sub>2</sub> for these projects is captured from hydrogen manufacturing plants, producing “blue hydrogen”

(1) 6<sup>th</sup> largest globally, per the Global CCS Institute.

(2) Canadian Natural is an 90% working interest owner in Quest.

(3) Canadian Natural is a 50% owner in North West Redwater (NWR).

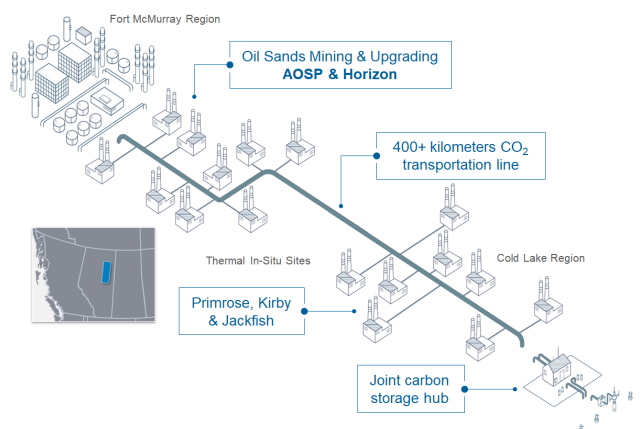


**LEADING CANADA IN CARBON CAPTURE & STORAGE**

40

## Pathways Alliance

### Proposed CO<sub>2</sub> Transportation Line



#### Highlights:

- Front-end engineering and design study on main transportation line and connecting pipelines has been completed
- Filed key regulatory applications for the Pathways CO<sub>2</sub> transportation network
- >10,000 hours of environmental field work completed since the beginning of the program to support regulatory applications
- Engagement and consultation with 25 Indigenous groups along the pipeline corridor



**INDUSTRY COLLABORATION**

41





## Balance Sheet Strength

### Canadian Natural Robust financial position

	Long-Term Ratings	Outlook	Short-Term Ratings
DBRS	A (low)	Negative	R-1
Standard & Poor's	BBB-	Stable	A-3
Moody's	Baa1	Stable	P-2

- Balance Sheet strength as at March 31, 2025

- Net debt → ~\$17.3 billion
- Debt to book capitalization → ~30%
- Debt to adjusted EBITDA → ~1.0x
- Significant liquidity → ~\$5.1 billion<sup>(1)</sup>

(1) Including committed and undrawn credit facilities, cash balances, cash equivalents and short-term investments.  
Note: See Advisory for cautionary statements, definitions, pricing assumptions and non-GAAP and other financial measures disclosure.



**DELIVERING ON OUR FINANCIAL PLAN**

43

## Canadian Natural

### Balanced credit facility profile

	(C\$ millions)
<b>Revolving Credit Facilities</b>	
June 2027 <sup>(1)</sup>	\$2,425
June 2028 <sup>(1)</sup>	\$2,425
June 2027 <sup>(1)</sup>	\$500
Operating demand facility	\$100
<b>Term Loans</b>	
December 2027 <sup>(1)</sup>	\$4,000
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$9,450</b>



Support from **14 banks** diversified  
by location

**15+ year relationships**  
with 12 banks

(1) Financial covenant on Credit Facilities is based on consolidated debt to book capital ratio to not exceed 0.65:1.00.  
Note: As at March 31, 2025.

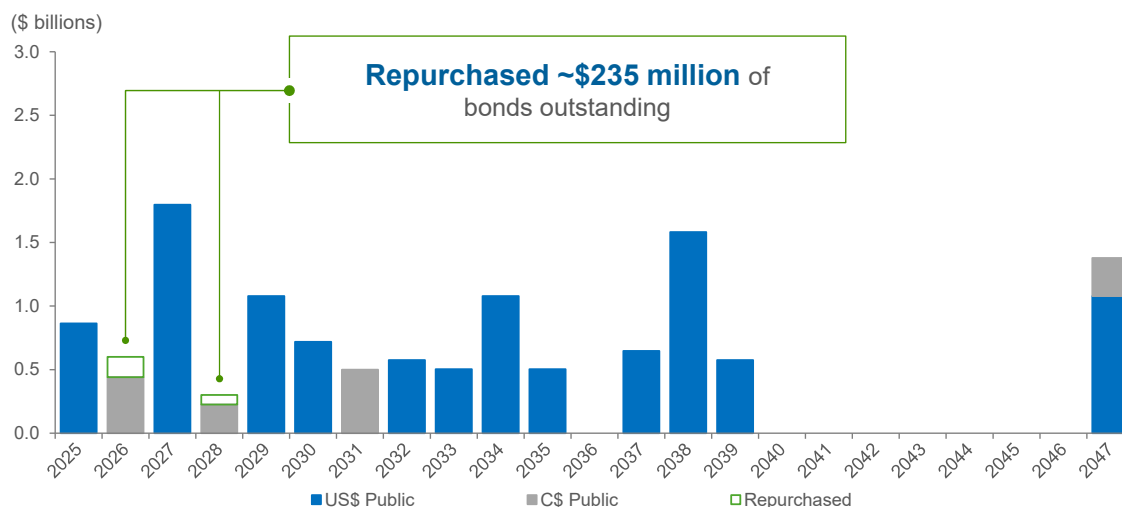


**LARGE & DIVERSE BANKING GROUP SUPPORTS STRONG LIQUIDITY**

44

## Canadian Natural

### Debt maturity profile



Note: US public debt converted to CAD at 1.4378 exchange rate as at March 31, 2025.



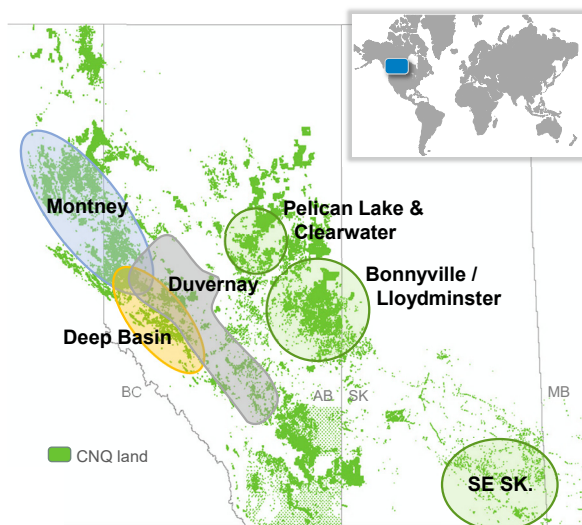
**STRATEGICALLY BALANCED MATURITY PROFILE**

45



## Asset Overview

### Conventional E&P Overview



**~594,000 BOE/d** of production<sup>(1)</sup>

Largest conventional E&P reserves in Canada  
**~6.6 billion BOE** total proved plus probable,  
 representing **~33%** of 2P reserves<sup>(2)</sup>

Significant infrastructure in place for  
**drill to fill** strategy

- Natural Gas
  - ~27.1 Tcf 2P reserves<sup>(2)</sup>
  - ~2.1 Bcf/d of production<sup>(1)</sup> – 2<sup>nd</sup> largest in Canada
- NGLs, light crude oil and heavy crude oil
  - ~2.1 billion barrels 2P reserves<sup>(2)</sup>
  - ~238,000 bbl/d of production<sup>(1)</sup> – largest in Canada
- Extensive land base with significant inventory
- Leverage owned and operated infrastructure
- Drill to fill strategy

(1) Annual 2024 production.

(2) Company gross total proved plus probable reserves at December 31, 2024.

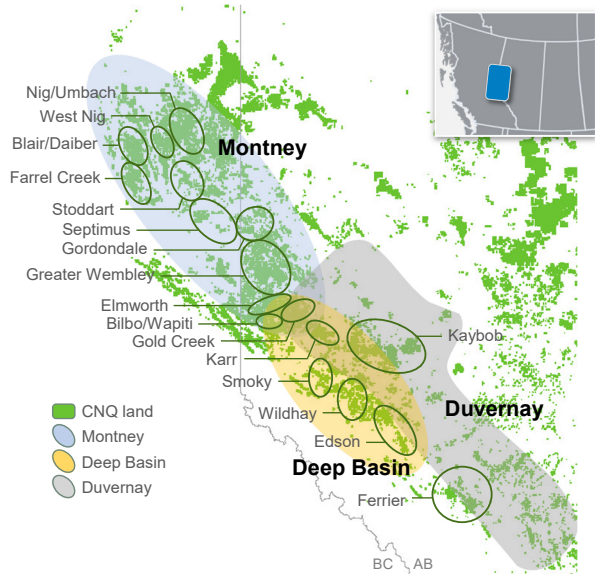


**PRODUCTION SUPPORTED BY DECADES OF INVENTORY & RESERVES**

47

## Natural Gas, NGLs & Light Crude Oil: Montney, Duvernay & Deep Basin

### Asset overview



~1.5 million net acres of Montney rights  
 ~2.2 million net acres of Duvernay & Deep Basin rights  
 Significant high value **drill to fill** opportunities

- Extensive liquids-rich natural gas opportunities
- Low capital exposure drill to fill strategy
  - Flexible timing in response to market conditions
- Applying technology and innovation to reduce costs and maximize value

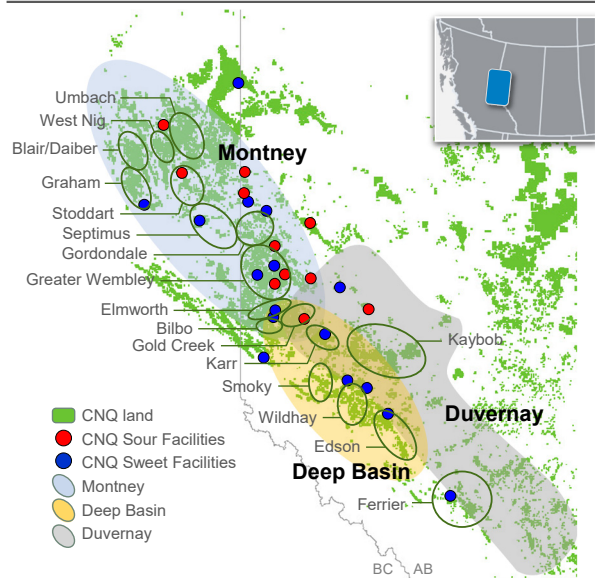


**SIGNIFICANT VALUE GROWTH IN THE MONTNEY, DUVERNAY & DEEP BASIN**

48

## Natural Gas, NGLs & Light Crude Oil: Montney, Duvernay & Deep Basin

### Infrastructure advantage



Significant high value **drill to fill** growth opportunities

**Significant** available facility capacity

- Extensive owned and controlled infrastructure
  - Higher utilization drives lower operating costs
- Strategic infrastructure proximal to premium land base
- Control pace of development



**INFRASTRUCTURE ADVANTAGE SIGNIFICANTLY IMPROVES MARGINS**

49

## International Light Crude Oil Overview

~24,000 bbl/d of light crude oil production<sup>(1)</sup>

**High return** international light crude oil with exposure to Brent pricing

- North Sea
  - Leveraging expertise to manage costs in a mature basin
  - Industry leading abandonment and decommissioning results
- Côte d'Ivoire
  - Capturing high return, low risk development opportunities
    - Extending life of field by refurbishing the Baobab FPSO
      - FPSO offline as of late January 2025
      - Impacts 2025 net annual production by ~7,800 bbl/d
      - Production targeted to resume in Q2/26
    - Targeting Phase 5 development at Baobab in 2026/2027



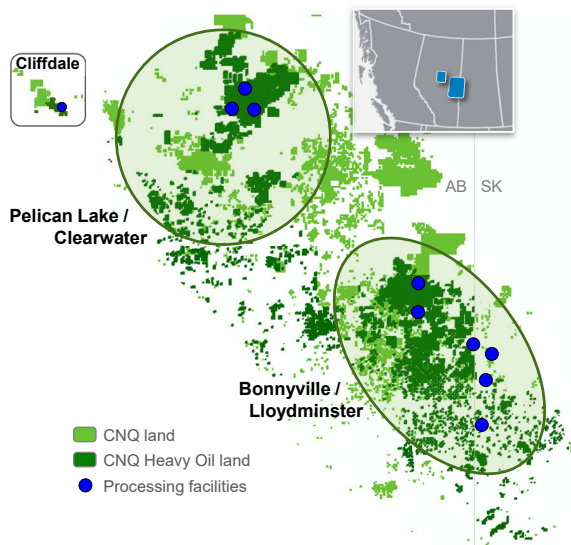
<sup>(1)</sup> Annual 2024 production.



EXPOSURE TO HIGH IMPACT EXPLORATION

50

## Heavy Crude Oil Overview



~124,000 bbl/d of production<sup>(1)</sup>

Large land base

~3.5 million net acres

High value **drill to fill** opportunities

~60,000 BOE/d available facility capacity

- Largest primary and polymer flood heavy crude oil producer in Canada
- Economies of scale with extensive infrastructure advantage
  - Large, concentrated land base
  - ~1.1 million net Clearwater acres with exploration upside
  - Repeatable, scalable programs

<sup>(1)</sup> Annual 2024 production.

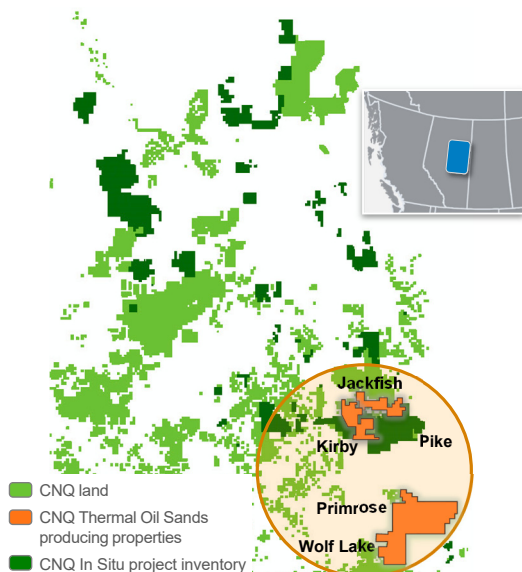


SIGNIFICANT OPPORTUNITIES TO CREATE ADDITIONAL VALUE

51

## Thermal In Situ Oil Sands

### Asset overview



**Long life low decline** assets  
producing **~271,000 bbl/d** in 2024

Second largest total proved plus probable bitumen reserves in Canada with **~5.2 billion barrels**, representing **~26%** of 2P reserves<sup>(1)</sup>

Facility capacity of ~340,000 bbl/d<sup>(2)</sup> with **~70,000 bbl/d** of **available capacity**

- 100% working interest and operatorship of developed properties
- Leverage technology and innovation to enhance recovery and optimize costs
  - Expertise in: Cyclic Steam Stimulation (CSS), Steam Assisted Gravity Drainage (SAGD), Steam Flood and Solvents
  - Progressing with a commercial scale solvent SAGD pad at Kirby North

(1) Company gross total proved plus probable reserves at December 31, 2024.  
(2) Includes Jackfish, Kirby and Primrose/Wolf Lake facility capacities.

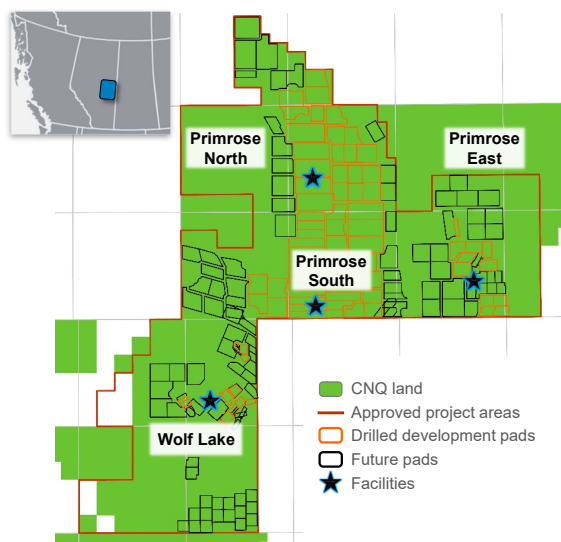


**GREAT ASSETS + TECHNOLOGY + INNOVATION = VALUE CREATION**

52

## Thermal In Situ Oil Sands

### Primrose / Wolf Lake overview



Total facility capacity **~140,000 bbl/d**

Leverage **available** facility capacity of **~55,000 bbl/d**  
**~309 net sections** of undeveloped land

- Low cost, low risk and repeatable CSS pad development
- Steam Flood following CSS, increases recovery factor up to ~65%
- Solvent enhanced technology steam flood upside
- Potential SAGD development opportunities



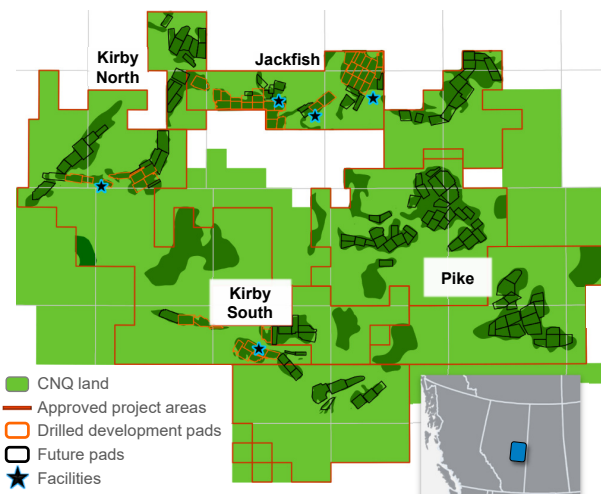
**LEVERAGE INFRASTRUCTURE TO ADD LOW COST, LOW DECLINE BARRELS**

53



## Thermal In Situ Oil Sands

### Kirby / Jackfish / Pike SAGD overview



Total facility capacity of **~200,000 bbl/d<sup>(1)</sup>**

Leverage **available** facility capacity  
of **~16,000 bbl/d**

Consolidated land base **~432 net sections**  
of undeveloped land

- 5 central processing facilities
- Strong capital efficient pad additions
  - Tying Pike pads into Jackfish and Kirby facilities
- Economies of scale
  - Synergies drive lower operating costs
  - Leverage operating and technical expertise across land base
  - Commercial scale solvent SAGD pad pilot at Kirby

(1) Includes Jackfish 1, 2 & 3, Kirby South and Kirby North facilities.



**LONG LIFE LOW DECLINE SAGD LAND BASE**

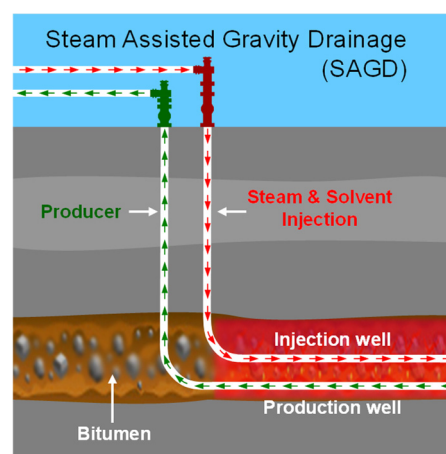
54

## Thermal In Situ Oil Sands

### Technology & Innovation with Solvents: SAGD & CSS

#### Co-injecting solvent with steam

<b>Results to-date</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Kirby South solvent SAGD pilot was a success               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– SOR reductions of ~45%</li> <li>– Solvent recovery of ~85%</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<b>Current Progress</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Kirby North commercial scale solvent SAGD pad               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Began solvent injection in late June 2024</li> <li>– Positive results to-date with solvent recovery &gt;80%</li> <li>– Continue to monitor for ~1 year</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Primrose solvent pilot in the steam flood area               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Continue to monitor and optimize solvent efficiency and commerciality</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<b>Benefits</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reduce SOR by 40% to 50%               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– ~\$1.00/bbl reduction in operating costs</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Enhances resource recovery while reducing steam and energy required</li> <li>• Potential application throughout extensive thermal in situ asset base</li> </ul>
<b>Opportunity</b>	<b>Unlocks capacity for potential production growth</b>

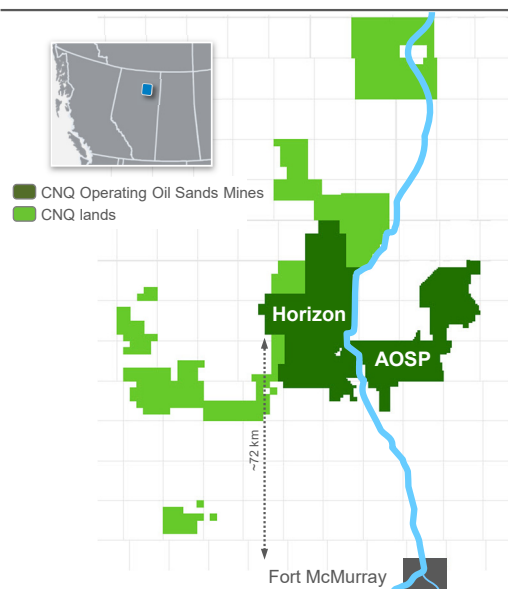


**APPLYING TECHNOLOGY TO IMPROVE PERFORMANCE**

55

## Oil Sands Mining & Upgrading

### Asset overview



#### Industry leading oil sands operator

Total capacity of **~592,000 bbl/d<sup>(1)</sup>**,  
**~90%** of which is **high value SCO**

**No decline**, reservoir risk or reserve replacement cost

Total proved plus probable reserves of  
**~8.3 billion barrels**, representing **~41%**  
 of total 2P reserves with a **50+ year** reserve life<sup>(2)</sup>

- Significant resource in place
  - **~20.4 billion barrels BIIP<sup>(3)</sup>**
- Top tier operating costs
- Low maintenance capital
- Focused on safety, reliability and high utilization

<sup>(1)</sup> Reflects 100% interest in the Albian mines and is based on a two year average to reflect the biannual turnaround schedule at Horizon.

<sup>(2)</sup> Including future pit development; Company gross total proved plus probable reserves as at December 31, 2024.

<sup>(3)</sup> Mineable Bitumen Initially-in-Place (BIIP).

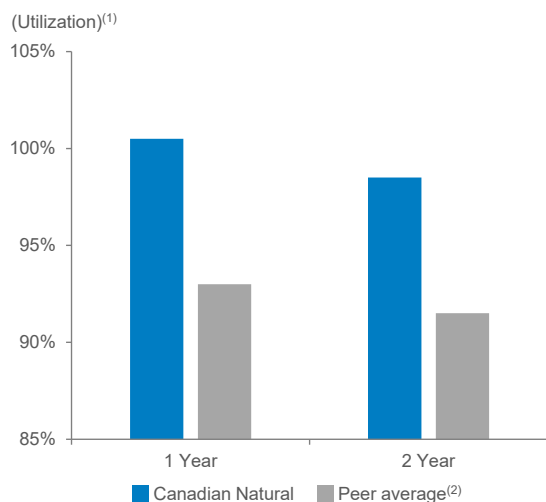


**LONG LIFE NO DECLINE ASSETS**

56

## Oil Sands Mining & Upgrading

### Top tier utilization



<sup>(1)</sup> Trailing 12 and 24 month utilization, up to January 2025. Source: TD Cowen Mine Your Own Business report dated April 29, 2025.

<sup>(2)</sup> Peer average includes Kearl (IMO), Base (SU), Fort Hills (SU), and Syncrude (SU).

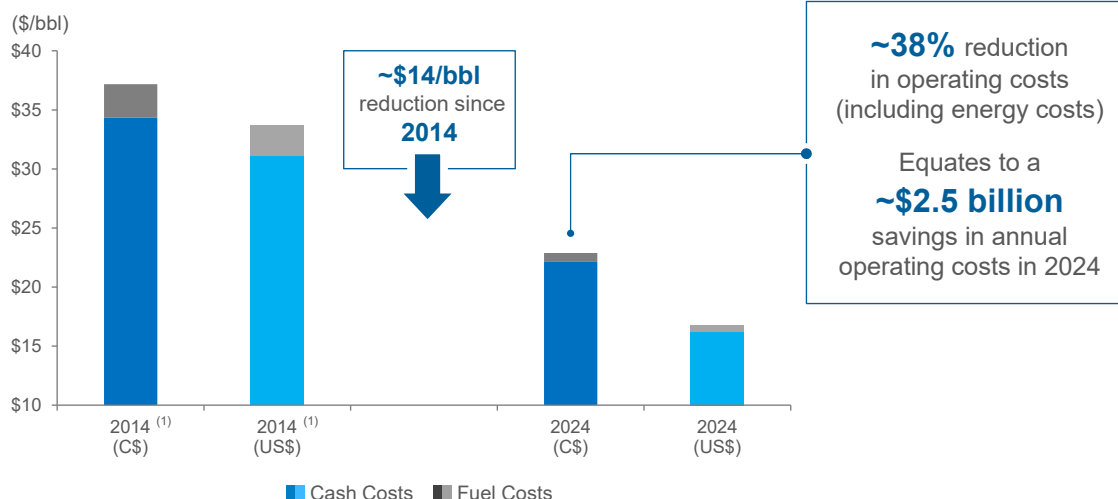


**SAFE, RELIABLE OPERATIONS MAXIMIZES VALUE**

57

## Oil Sands Mining & Upgrading

### Operating cost reductions



(1) 2014 operating costs are before the AOSP acquisition in 2017.

Note: Operating costs reflect production downtime for turnarounds (unadjusted). Fuel costs reflect natural gas costs used in operations.



CONTINUOUS IMPROVEMENT MAXIMIZES VALUE

58

## Horizon Oil Sands

### Increasing long-term SCO production

- Naphtha Recovery Unit Tailings Treatment (NRUTT) Project
  - Increase hydrocarbon recovery from treated tailings, adding ~6,300 bbl/d of SCO production
  - Capital cost: ~\$350 million
    - Began investing capital in 2024
  - Targeted to be operational in Q3/27
  - Future reclamation cost avoidance at Horizon of ~\$700 million over the life of the project



INCREASING HIGH VALUE SCO PRODUCTION

59

## Horizon Oil Sands

Long-term opportunity: Combine & leverage technology for cost effective expansion



+



- IPEP: In-Pit Extraction process
  - A relocatable, modular extraction plant that processes ore and separates bitumen in the mine pit
  - Results in dry, stackable tailings in the mine pit



Combining **IPEP** with **PFT** technology targets to increase overall project returns through potential **incremental production** of **~195,000 bbl/d** of bitumen and **reducing operating costs** by **\$1.00/bbl - \$2.00/bbl**

- PFT: Paraffinic Froth Treatment
  - Utilize excess mine capacity to add incremental diluted bitumen
  - Recover excess naptha in SCO to dilute and transport product



**HIGH VALUE LONG-TERM PRODUCTION GROWTH POTENTIAL**

60

## Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements relating to Canadian Natural Resources Limited (the "Company") in this document or documents incorporated herein by reference constitute forward-looking statements or information (collectively referred to herein as "forward-looking statements") within the meaning of applicable securities legislation. Forward-looking statements can be identified by the words "believe", "anticipate", "expect", "plan", "estimate", "target", "focus", "continue", "could", "intend", "may", "potential", "predict", "should", "will", "objective", "project", "forecast", "goal", "guidance", "outlook", "effort", "seeks", "schedule", "proposed", "aspiration" or expressions of a similar nature suggesting future outcome or statements regarding an outlook. Disclosure related to the Company's strategy or strategic focus, capital budget, expected future commodity pricing, forecast or anticipated production volumes, royalties, production expenses, capital expenditures, abandonment expenditures, income tax expenses, and other targets provided throughout this document and the Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") of the financial condition and results of operations of the Company, including the strength of the Company's balance sheet, the sources and adequacy of the Company's liquidity, and the flexibility of the Company's capital structure, constitute forward-looking statements. Disclosure of plans relating to and expected results of existing and future developments, including, without limitation, those in relation to: the Company's assets at Horizon Oil Sands ("Horizon"), the Athabasca Oil Sands Project ("AOSP"), the Primrose thermal oil projects ("Primrose"), the Pelican Lake water and polymer flood projects ("Pelican Lake"), the Kirby thermal oil sands project ("Kirby"), the Jackfish thermal oil sands project ("Jackfish") and the North West Redwater bitumen upgrader and refinery; construction by third parties of new, or expansion of existing, pipeline capacity or other means of transportation of bitumen, crude oil, natural gas, natural gas liquids ("NGLs") or synthetic crude oil ("SCO") that the Company may be reliant upon to transport its products to market; the abandonment and decommissioning of certain assets and the timing thereof; the development and deployment of technology and technological innovations; the financial capacity of the Company to complete its growth projects and responsibly and sustainably grow in the long-term; and the materiality of the impact of tax interpretations and litigation on the Company's results, also constitute forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are based on annual budgets and multi-year forecasts, and are reviewed and revised throughout the year as necessary in the context of targeted financial ratios, project returns, product pricing expectations and balance in project risk and time horizons. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to certain risks. The reader should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements as there can be no assurances that the plans, initiatives or expectations upon which they are based will occur. In addition, statements relating to "reserves" are deemed to be forward-looking statements as they involve the implied assessment based on certain estimates and assumptions that the reserves described can be profitably produced in the future. There are numerous uncertainties inherent in estimating quantities of proved and proved plus probable crude oil, natural gas and NGLs reserves and in projecting future rates of production and the timing of development expenditures. The total amount or timing of actual future production may vary significantly from reserves and production estimates.

The forward-looking statements are based on current expectations, estimates and projections about the Company and the industry in which the Company operates, which speak only as of the earlier of the date such statements were made or as of the date of the report or document in which they are contained, and are subject to known and unknown risks and uncertainties that could cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Such risks and uncertainties include, among others: general economic and business conditions (including as a result of the actions of the Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries Plus ("OPEC+"), the impact of conflicts in the Middle East, and in Ukraine, increased inflation, and the risk of decreased economic activity resulting from a global recession) which may impact, among other things, demand and supply for and market prices of the Company's products, and the availability and cost of resources required by the Company's operations; volatility of and assumptions regarding crude oil, natural gas and NGLs prices; fluctuations in currency and interest rates; assumptions on which the Company's current targets are based; economic conditions in the countries and regions in which the Company conducts business; changes and uncertainty in the international trade environment, including with respect to tariffs, export restrictions, embargoes and key trade agreements (including tariffs on certain goods announced by the US government and Canadian countermeasures subsequently announced, both of which are anticipated to evolve and may be continued, suspended, increased, decreased, or imposed on additional goods); uncertainty in the regulatory framework governing greenhouse gas emissions including, among other things, financial and other support from various levels of government for climate related initiatives and potential emissions or production caps; political uncertainty, including changes in government, actions of or against terrorists, insurgent groups or other conflict including conflict between states; the ability of the Company to prevent and recover from a cyberattack, other cyber-related crime and other cyber-related incidents; industry capacity; ability of the Company to implement its business strategy, including exploration and development activities; the impact of competition; the Company's defense of lawsuits; availability and cost of seismic, drilling and other equipment; ability of the Company to complete capital programs; the Company's ability to secure adequate transportation for its products; unexpected disruptions or delays in the mining, extracting or upgrading of the Company's bitumen products; potential delays or changes in plans with respect to exploration or development projects or capital expenditures; ability of the Company to attract the necessary labour required to build, maintain, and operate its thermal and oil sands mining projects; operating hazards and other difficulties inherent in the exploration for and production and sale of crude oil and natural gas and in the mining, extracting or upgrading the Company's bitumen products; availability and cost of financing; the Company's success of exploration and development activities and its ability to replace and expand crude oil and natural gas reserves; the Company's ability to meet its targeted production levels; timing and success of integrating the business and operations of acquired companies and assets; production levels; imprecision of reserves estimates and estimates of recoverable quantities of crude oil, natural gas and NGLs not currently classified as proved; actions by governmental authorities; government regulations and the expenditures required to comply with them (especially safety, competition, environmental laws and regulations and the impact of climate change initiatives on capital expenditures and production expenses); interpretations of applicable tax and competition laws and regulations; asset retirement obligations; the sufficiency of the Company's liquidity to support its growth strategy and to sustain its operations in the short, medium, and long-term; the strength of the Company's balance sheet; the flexibility of the Company's capital structure; the adequacy of the Company's provision for taxes; the impact of legal proceedings to which the Company is party; and other circumstances affecting revenues and expenses.

The Company's operations have been, and in the future may be, affected by political developments and by national, federal, provincial, state and local laws and regulations such as restrictions on production, the imposition of tariffs, embargoes or export restrictions on the Company's products (including tariffs on certain goods announced by the US government and Canadian countermeasures subsequently announced, both of which are anticipated to evolve and may be continued, suspended, increased, decreased, or imposed on additional goods), changes in taxes, royalties and other amounts payable to governments or governmental agencies, price or gathering rate controls and environmental protection regulations. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should any of the Company's assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may vary in material respects from those projected in the forward-looking statements. The impact of any one factor on a particular forward-looking statement is not determinable with certainty as such factors are dependent upon other factors, and the Company's course of action would depend upon its assessment of the future considering all information then available.

Readers are cautioned that the foregoing list of factors is not exhaustive. Unpredictable or unknown factors not discussed in this document or the Company's MD&A could also have adverse effects on forward-looking statements. Although the Company believes that the expectations conveyed by the forward-looking statements are reasonable based on information available to it on the date such forward-looking statements are made, no assurances can be given as to future results, levels of activity and achievements. All subsequent forward-looking statements, whether written or oral, attributable to the Company or persons acting on its behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by these cautionary statements. Except as required by applicable law, the Company assumes no obligation to update forward-looking statements in this document or the Company's MD&A, whether as a result of new information, future events or other factors, or the foregoing factors affecting this information, should circumstances or the Company's estimates or opinions change.



# Advisory

## Special Note Regarding Common Share Split and Comparative Figures

At the Company's Annual and Special Meeting held on May 2, 2024, shareholders passed a Special Resolution approving a two for one common share split effective for shareholders of record as of market close on June 3, 2024. On June 10, 2024, shareholders of record received one additional share for every one common share held, with common shares trading on a split-adjusted basis beginning June 11, 2024. Common share, per common share, dividend, and stock option amounts for periods prior to the two for one common share split have been updated to reflect the common share split.

## Special Note Regarding Amendments to the *Competition Act* (Canada)

On June 20, 2024, *amendments to the Competition Act* (Canada) came into force with the adoption of Bill C-59, *An Act to Implement Certain Provisions of the Fall Economic Statement* which impact environmental and climate disclosures by businesses. As a result of these amendments, certain public representations by a business regarding the benefits of the work it is doing to protect or restore the environment or mitigate the environmental and ecological causes or effects of climate change may violate the *Competition Act's* deceptive marketing practices provisions. These amendments include substantial financial penalties and, effective June 20, 2025, a private right of action which will permit private parties to seek an order from the Competition Tribunal under the deceptive marketing practices provisions. Uncertainty surrounding the interpretation and enforcement of this legislation may expose the Company to increased litigation and financial penalties, the outcome and impacts of which can be difficult to assess or quantify and may have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, reputation, financial condition, and results.

## Special Note Regarding Currency, Financial Information and Production

This document should be read in conjunction with the Company's unaudited interim consolidated financial statements (the "financial statements") and MD&A for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and the Company's MD&A and audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024. All dollar amounts are referenced in millions of Canadian dollars, except where noted otherwise. The Company's financial statements and MD&A for the three months ended March 31, 2025 have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB").

Production volumes and per unit statistics are presented throughout this document on a "before royalties" or "company gross" basis, and realized prices are net of blending and feedstock costs and exclude the effect of risk management activities. In addition, reference is made to crude oil and natural gas in common units called barrel of oil equivalent ("BOE"). A BOE is derived by converting six thousand cubic feet ("Mcf") of natural gas to one barrel ("bbl") of crude oil (6 Mcf:1 bbl). This conversion may be misleading, particularly if used in isolation, since the 6 Mcf:1 bbl ratio is based on an energy equivalency conversion method primarily applicable at the burner tip and does not represent a value equivalency at the wellhead. In comparing the value ratio using current crude oil prices relative to natural gas prices, the 6 Mcf:1 bbl conversion ratio may be misleading as an indication of value. In addition, for the purposes of this document, crude oil is defined to include the following commodities: light and medium crude oil, primary heavy crude oil, Pelican Lake heavy crude oil, bitumen (thermal oil), and SCO. Production on an "after royalties" or "company net" basis is also presented for information purposes only.

Additional information relating to the Company, including its Annual Information Form for the year ended December 31, 2024, is available on SEDAR+ at [www.sedarplus.ca](http://www.sedarplus.ca) and on EDGAR at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov). Information in such Annual Information Form and on the Company's website does not form part of and is not incorporated by reference in the Company's MD&A, dated May 7, 2025.

## Special Note Regarding Non-GAAP and Other Financial Measures

This document includes references to non-GAAP measures, which include non-GAAP and other financial measures as defined in National Instrument 52-112 – Non-GAAP and Other Financial Measures Disclosure. These financial measures are used by the Company to evaluate its financial performance, financial position and cash flow and include non-GAAP financial measures, non-GAAP ratios, total of segments measures, capital management measures, and supplementary financial measures. These financial measures are not defined by IFRS and therefore are referred to as non-GAAP and other financial measures. The non-GAAP and other financial measures used by the Company may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies and should not be considered an alternative to, or more meaningful than, the most directly comparable financial measure presented in the Company's financial statements, as applicable, as an indication of the Company's performance. Descriptions of the Company's non-GAAP and other financial measures included in this document, and reconciliations to the most directly comparable GAAP measure, as applicable, are provided below as well as in the "Non-GAAP and Other Financial Measures" section of the Company's MD&A for the three months March 31, 2025, dated May 7, 2025.

## Break-even WTI Price

The breakeven WTI price is a supplementary financial measure that represents the equivalent US dollar WTI price per barrel where the Company's adjusted funds flow is equal to the sum of maintenance capital and dividends. The Company considers the breakeven WTI price a key measure in evaluating its performance, as it demonstrates the efficiency and profitability of the Company's activities. The breakeven WTI price incorporates the non-GAAP financial measure adjusted funds flow as reconciled in the "Non-GAAP and Other Financial Measures" section of the Company's MD&A. Maintenance capital is a supplementary financial measure that represents the capital required to maintain annual production at prior period levels.

## Capital Budget

Capital budget is a forward looking non-GAAP financial measure. The capital budget is based on net capital expenditures (Non-GAAP Financial Measure) and includes acquisition capital related to a number of acquisitions for which agreements between parties have been reached as at the time of the Company's 2025 budget press release on January 9, 2025. Refer to the "Non-GAAP and Other Financial Measures" section of the Company's MD&A for more details on net capital expenditures.

The 2025 capital budget reflects budgeted net capital expenditures, before abandonment expenditures related to the execution of the Company's abandonment and reclamation programs in North America and the North Sea. The Company currently carries an Asset Retirement Obligation ("ARO") liability on its balance sheet for these budgeted future expenditures. Abandonment expenditures are reported before the impact of current income tax recoveries. Current tax recoveries are refundable at a rate of approximately 23% in Canada and a combined current income tax and Petroleum Revenue Tax ("PRT") rate approximating 70% to 75% in the UK portion of the North Sea. The Company is eligible to recover interest on refunded PRT previously paid.



# Advisory

## Capital Efficiency

Capital efficiency is a supplementary financial measure that represents the capital spent to add new or incremental production divided by the current rate of the new or incremental production. It is expressed as a dollar amount per flowing volume of a product (\$/bbl/d or \$/BOE/d). The Company considers capital efficiency a key measure in evaluating its performance, as it demonstrates the efficiency of the Company's capital investments.

## Free Cash Flow Allocation Policy

Free cash flow is a non-GAAP financial measure. The Company considers free cash flow a key measure in demonstrating the Company's ability to generate cash flow to fund future growth through capital investment, pay returns to shareholders and to repay or maintain net debt levels, pursuant to the free cash flow allocation policy.

The Company's free cash flow is used to determine the targeted amount of shareholder returns after dividends. The amount allocated to shareholders varies depending on the Company's net debt position.

Free cash flow is calculated as adjusted funds flow less dividends on common shares, net capital expenditures and abandonment expenditures. The Company targets to manage the allocation of free cash flow on a forward looking annual basis, while managing working capital and cash management as required.

Up to October 2024, before the announcement of the Chevron acquisition, the Company was targeting to allocate 100% of its free cash flow in 2024 to shareholder returns.

In October 2024, with the announcement of the Chevron acquisition, the Board of Directors adjusted the allocation of free cash flow as follows:

- 60% of free cash flow to shareholder returns and 40% to the balance sheet until net debt reaches \$15 billion.
- When net debt is between \$12 billion and \$15 billion, free cash flow allocation will be 75% to shareholder returns and 25% to the balance sheet.
- When net debt is at or below \$12 billion, free cash flow allocation will be 100% to shareholder returns.

The Company's free cash flow for the three months ended March 31, 2025 is shown below:

(\$ millions)	Three Months Ended		
	Mar 31 2025	Dec 31 2024	Mar 31 2024
Adjusted funds flow <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 4,530	\$ 4,186	\$ 3,138
Less: Dividends on common shares	1,184	1,110	1,076
Net capital expenditures, <sup>(2)</sup> excluding net acquisition costs <sup>(3)</sup>	1,303	1,290	1,113
Abandonment expenditures	188	151	162
Free cash flow	\$ 1,855	\$ 1,635	\$ 787

(1) Refer to the descriptions and reconciliations to the most directly comparable GAAP measure, which are provided in the "Non-GAAP and Other Financial Measures" section of the Company's MD&A for the three months ended March 31, 2025, dated May 7, 2025.

(2) Net Capital expenditures is a Non-GAAP Financial Measure. Refer to the "Non-GAAP and Other Financial Measures" section of the Company's MD&A for the three months ended March 31, 2025, dated May 7, 2025.

(3) Excludes net acquisition costs of \$9,058 million for the three months ended December 31, 2024 related to the acquisition of assets in the period.

## Long-term Debt, net

Long-term debt, net (also referred to as net debt) is a capital management measure that is calculated as current and long-term debt less cash and cash equivalents.

(\$ millions)			
	Mar 31 2025	Dec 31 2024	Mar 31 2024
Long-term debt	\$ 17,428	\$ 18,819	\$ 11,040
Less: cash and cash equivalents	93	131	767
Long-term debt, net	\$ 17,335	\$ 18,688	\$ 10,273

# Advisory

## Cautionary Statement

Project progress and financial results are dependent upon economic and regulatory conditions, commodity prices, global economic factors, project sanction and capital allocation.

## Thermal In Situ Oil Sands Overview – Clearwater, McMurray, Bluesky, Grand Rapids and Grosmont Formations

~126 billion barrels of Discovered Bitumen Initially-in-place is comprised of:

- 5.2 billion barrels of total proved plus probable reserves at December 31, 2024 that were evaluated in accordance with COGEH standards by an Independent Qualified Reserves Evaluator
- 1.5 billion barrels of produced Bitumen to December 31, 2024
- Development of remaining volume is subject to company final investment decisions
- A portion of remaining volume may not be recoverable with current technology
- All values are company gross

## Oil Sands Mining & Upgrading

~20.4 billion barrels of Mineable Bitumen Initially-in-place is comprised of:

- 8.9 billion barrels of Bitumen associated with 8.3 billion barrels of total proved plus probable SCO reserves at December 31, 2024 that were evaluated in accordance with COGEH standards by an Independent Qualified Reserves Evaluator
- 2.2 billion barrels of produced Bitumen to December 31, 2024
- Development of remaining volume is subject to company final investment decisions
- A portion of remaining volume may not be recoverable with current technology
- All values are company gross

## Definitions

**CAGR** – Compound Annual Growth Rate – the compounded growth rate for a specific value on an annual basis in a defined time range.

**Enterprise Value** – market capitalization plus the Company's net total liabilities.

**Estimated Ultimate Recovery (EUR)** – Estimated Ultimate Recovery is the amount of oil and natural gas expected to be economically recovered from a well, reservoir or field by the end of its producing life.

**Free Cash Flow Yield** – Free Cash Flow divided by the Company's market capitalization at a given point in time.

**Market Capitalization (Market Cap)** – outstanding common shares multiplied by the Company's share price at a given point of time.

**Maintenance Capital** – net capital expenditures required to maintain flat production year over year.

# Advisory

Pricing Assumptions <sup>(1)</sup>	2025B	2024
<b>Strip</b>		
WTI US\$/bbl	\$ 70.00	\$ 75.72
AECO C\$/GJ	\$ 1.89	\$ 1.36
SCO Differential/(Premium) US\$/bbl	\$ 0.61	\$ 0.63
WCS Differential US\$/bbl	\$ 14.00	\$ 14.73
Average FX 1.00 US\$ = X C\$	\$ 1.427	\$ 1.370

(1) Based on Strip pricing as at December 31, 2024.

## Glossary of Terms

**AECO** – Alberta Energy Company (benchmark pricing)

**AOSP** – Athabasca Oil Sands Project

**BOE** – barrels of oil equivalent

**BBL** – barrels of oil

**Bcf** – billion cubic feet

**CCS** – carbon capture and storage

**CSS** – cyclic steam stimulation

**CCUS** – carbon capture, utilization and storage

**CO<sub>2</sub>e** – Carbon Dioxide equivalent

**E&P** – Exploration and Production

**EOR** – enhanced oil recovery

**ESG** – Environment, Social and Governance

**EUR** – estimated ultimate recovery

**GHG** – greenhouse gas

**IP365** – initial average production rate of 365 days

**IPEP** – in-pit extraction process

**MMcf** – million cubic feet

**MtCO<sub>2</sub>e** – million tonnes of Carbon Dioxide equivalent

**NI 51-101** – National Standards of Disclosure for Oil and Gas Activities

**NGL** – natural gas liquids

**NWR** – North West Redwater Refinery

**R&D** – Research and Development

**SAGD** – steam assisted gravity drainage

**SEC** – U.S. Securities & Exchange Commission

**SCO** – synthetic crude oil

# Advisory

## Reserves Notes:

1. Company Gross reserves are working interest share before deduction of royalties and excluding any royalty interests.
2. Information in the reserves data tables may not add due to rounding. BOE values and oil and gas metrics may not calculate exactly due to rounding.
3. Forecast pricing assumptions utilized by the Independent Qualified Reserves Evaluators in the reserves estimates are the 3-Consultant-Average of price forecasts developed by Sproule International Limited, GLJ Ltd. and McDaniel & Associates Consultants Ltd., dated December 31, 2024:

		2025	2026	2027	2028	2029
<b>Crude Oil and NGLs</b>						
WTI	US\$/bbl	71.58	74.48	75.81	77.66	79.22
WCS	C\$/bbl	82.69	84.27	83.81	85.70	87.45
Canadian Light Sweet	C\$/bbl	94.79	97.04	97.37	99.80	101.79
Cromer LSB	C\$/bbl	93.30	96.05	95.92	98.55	100.51
Edmonton C5+	C\$/bbl	100.14	100.72	100.24	102.73	104.79
Brent	US\$/bbl	75.58	78.51	79.89	81.82	83.46
<b>Natural gas</b>						
AECO	C\$/MMBtu	2.36	3.33	3.48	3.69	3.76
BC Westcoast Station 2	C\$/MMBtu	2.15	3.14	3.29	3.50	3.57
Henry Hub	US\$/MMBtu	3.31	3.73	3.85	3.93	4.01

*All prices increase at a rate of 2% per year after 2029.*

*A US\$/C\$ foreign exchange rate of 0.7117 was used for 2025, 0.7283 for 2026, and 0.7433 for 2027 and thereafter in the year end 2024 evaluation.*

4. A barrel of oil equivalent ("BOE") is derived by converting six thousand cubic feet of natural gas to one barrel of crude oil (6 Mcf:1 bbl). This conversion may be misleading, particularly if used in isolation, since the 6 Mcf:1 bbl ratio is based on an energy equivalency conversion method primarily applicable at the burner tip and does not represent a value equivalency at the wellhead. In comparing the value ratio using current crude oil prices relative to natural gas prices, the 6 Mcf:1 bbl conversion ratio may be misleading as an indication of value.
5. Oil and natural gas metrics included herein are commonly used in the crude oil and natural gas industry and are determined by Canadian Natural as set out in the notes below. These metrics do not have standardized meanings and may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies and may be misleading when making comparisons. Management uses these metrics to evaluate Canadian Natural's performance over time. However, such measures are not reliable indicators of Canadian Natural's future performance and future performance may vary.
6. Reserves additions and revisions are comprised of all categories of Company Gross reserves changes, exclusive of production.
7. Reserves replacement or Production replacement ratio is the Company Gross reserves additions and revisions, for the relevant reserves category, divided by the Company Gross production in the same period.
8. Reserves Life Index ("RLI") is based on the amount for the relevant reserves category divided by the 2025 proved developed producing production forecast prepared by the Independent Qualified Reserves Evaluators.
9. Finding, Development and Acquisition ("FD&A") costs excluding changes in Future Development Costs ("FDC") are calculated by dividing the sum of total exploration, development and acquisition capital costs incurred in 2024 by the sum of total additions and revisions for the relevant reserves category.
10. FD&A costs including changes in FDC are calculated by dividing the sum of total exploration, development and acquisition capital costs incurred in 2024 and net changes in FDC from December 31, 2023 to December 31, 2024 by the sum of total additions and revisions for the relevant reserves category. FDC excludes all abandonment, decommissioning and reclamation costs.
11. Abandonment, decommissioning and reclamation ("ADR") costs included in the calculation of the Future Net Revenue ("FNR") consist of both the Company's total Asset Retirement Obligation ("ARO"), before inflation and discounting, for development existing as at December 31, 2024 and forecast estimates of ADR costs attributable to future development activity.

# Key Historic Data

Operational & Financial	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
Daily production, before royalties					
Crude oil and NGLs (Mbbl/d)	1,006	974	933	952	918
Natural gas (MMcf/d)	2,147	2,151	2,090	1,695	1,477
Barrels of oil equivalent (MBOE/d)	1,363	1,332	1,281	1,235	1,164
Daily production, after royalties					
Crude oil and NGLs (Mbbl/d)	818	817	752	846	874
Natural gas (MMcf/d)	2,102	2,067	1,898	1,607	1,432
Barrels of oil equivalent (MBOE/d)	1,168	1,162	1,068	1,114	1,112
Total Proved reserves, after royalties <sup>(1)</sup>					
Crude oil, NGLs and bitumen (MMbbl)		3,402	3,374	3,039	3,023
Natural gas (Bcf)	14,871	12,977	11,645	11,109	8,417
Mining reserves, SCO (MMbbl)	6,138	5,636	5,636	5,843	6,124
Barrels of oil equivalent (MMBOE)	12,198	11,201	10,951	10,734	10,549
Drilling activity, net wells					
Crude oil	307	221	317	149	42
Natural gas	78	61	72	49	30
Stratigraphic and service	407	419	452	393	372
Realized product pricing, before hedging activities & after transportation and blending costs <sup>(2)</sup>					
Crude oil and NGLs (C\$/bbl) <sup>(3)(4)</sup>	72.26	68.13	86.51	59.85	28.05
Oil Sands Mining and Upgrading (C\$/bbl) <sup>(4)</sup>	95.12	98.17	115.98	76.74	42.75
Natural gas (C\$/Mcf)	1.24	2.54	6.04	3.62	1.97
Results of operations (C\$ millions, except per share)					
Adjusted funds flow <sup>(5)</sup>	14,859	15,274	19,791	13,733	5,200
per share – basic <sup>(4)</sup>	6.99	7.00	8.72	5.81	2.20
Net earnings (loss)	6,106	8,233	10,937	7,664	(435)
per share – basic	2.87	3.77	4.82	3.24	(0.18)
Net capital expenditures <sup>(5)</sup>	14,431	4,909	5,136	4,676	2,957
Abandonment expenditures	646	509	335	232	249
Balance Sheet Info (C\$ millions)					
Property, plant and equipment	73,414	64,581	64,859	66,400	65,752
Total assets	85,359	75,955	76,142	76,665	75,276
Long-term debt, net <sup>(6)</sup>	18,688	9,922	10,525	13,950	21,269
Shareholders' equity	39,468	39,832	38,175	36,945	32,380
<b>Ratios</b>					
Debt to book capitalization <sup>(6)</sup>	32%	20%	22%	27%	40%
After-tax return on average capital employed <sup>(4)</sup>	13%	17%	22%	16%	-%
Daily production before royalties per 10,000 common shares	6.5	6.2	5.8	5.3	4.9
Total proved plus probable reserves before royalties per common share (BOE) <sup>(7)</sup>	9.6	8.6	8.2	7.3	6.7
<b>Share information</b>					
Common shares outstanding (millions)	2,103.0	2,144.8	2,205.3	2,336.7	2,367.7
Weighted average common shares – basic (millions)	2,125.8	2,182.6	2,269.9	2,362.5	2,363.5
Dividends per share (C\$) <sup>(8)</sup>	\$2.14	\$1.85	\$2.30	\$1.00	\$0.85
TSX trading info					
High (C\$)	56.50	46.72	44.09	27.80	21.29
Low (C\$)	40.02	33.57	27.10	14.34	4.90
Close (C\$)	44.38	43.41	37.60	26.73	15.30

(1) Company net reserves are company gross reserves after royalties, in accordance with NI 51-101.

(2) Reflects product sales divided by respective sales volumes.

(3) Realized pricing for exploration and production segments only.

(4) Non-GAAP Ratio. Refer to the "Non-GAAP and Other Financial Measures" section of the Company's MD&A.

(5) Non-GAAP Financial Measure. Refer to the "Non-GAAP and Other Financial Measures" section of the Company's MD&A. The composition of Net capital expenditures has been updated for all periods presented. For years prior to 2023, the sum of Net capital expenditures and Abandonment expenditures, net, equals the previously stated Net capital expenditures Non-GAAP measure.

(6) Capital Management Measure. Refer to the "Non-GAAP and Other Financial Measures" section of the Company's MD&A.

(7) Based upon company gross reserves (forecast price and costs, before royalties), using year end common shares outstanding.

(8) Dividends declared.

Note: All per share metrics are on a post 2024 stock split basis.





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